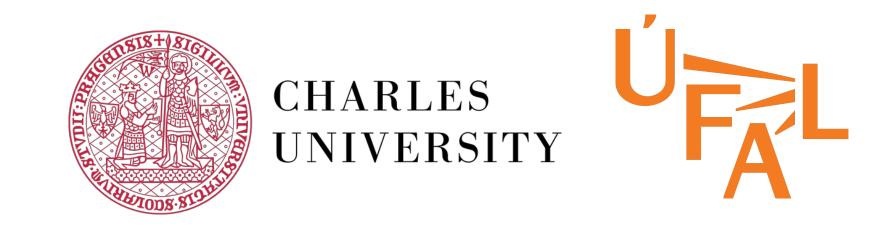
How important is the background of your annotators?

Evaluating Summarization Models: Investigating the Impact of Education and Language Proficiency on Reproducibility

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Original Experiment

- Feng et al. "Language Model as an Annotator: Exploring DialoGPT for Dialogue Summarization", ACL 2021
- Dialogue Summarization task
- Can annotations by DialoGPT improve the quality of summaries?
- Baselines:
 - o Pointer-Generator Networks (PGN, See et al., 2017)
 - Hierarchical Meeting summarization Network (HMNet, Zhu et al., 2020)
- Proposed Systems:
 - PGN + DialoGPT for keyword extraction (D_{KF})
 - PGN + DialoGPT for redundancy detection (D_{RD})
 - \circ PGN + DialoGPT for topic segmentation (D_{TS})
 - \circ PGN + all of the above annotations (D_{ALI})
- + a human-written reference
- Dataset: AMI and SAMSum (not included in the reproduction)

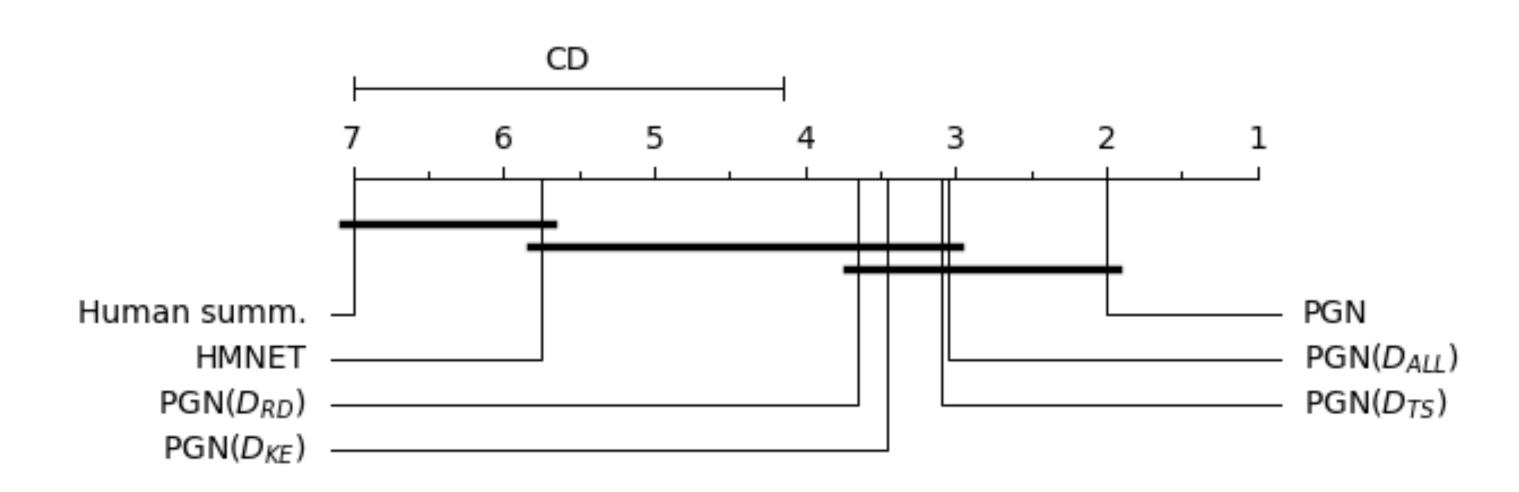
	Original	ReproHum	Repro #1	Repro #2	Repro #3
Evaluated factors	All	Inform.	Inform.	Inform.	All
First language	Chinese	non-English	Chinese	English	Chinese
Educational level	PhD Student	PhD Student	at least Bachelor degree		
Background	NLP	Any	Computer Science		
Annotators	In-lab	External	Prolific crowdsourcing platform		
Interface	Text file/bash	Google Forms			
Human summary	4.70	4.60	4.65	4.70	4.68
PGN	2.92	1.53	1.60	1.90	1.88
HMNet	3.52	2.68	2.23	2.90	3.08
PGN(D _{KE})	3.20	<u>1.93</u>	1.63	1.93	2.35
PGN(D _{RD})	3.15	1.90	<u>1.75</u>	1.98	2.53
PGN(D _{TS})	3.05	1.85	1.60	1.98	2.38
PGN(D _{ALL})	3.33	1.85	1.65	2.10	2.18
Fleiss' ĸ	0.48	0.19	0.20	0.13	0.05
Krippendorff's α		0.65	0.66	0.58	0.38

Main Results

- Human reference got very consistent scores, automatic summaries got lower scores in all reproductions
- The author's extensions are ranked between the PGN baseline and HMNet, but their relative rankings vary greatly (small std usually 0.04-0.07)
- Differences between baseline PGN and all extensions are not statistically significant
- Different selection of annotators does not lead to significant differences, evaluation of all quality factors gives most similar results
- The inter-annotator agreement is much lower in the reproduced studies compared to the original experiment

Assessing reproducibility

	Pearson	Spearman	RMSE
ReproHum	0.99	0.85	1.16
Repro #1	0.98	0.88	1.35
Repro #2	0.98	0.88	1.00
Repro #3	0.97	0.68	0.77



Summary

- The main claims of the original study were confirmed by our reproductions:
 - "HMNet gets the best score in informativeness and coverage", which was confirmed by our reproductions.
 - "Our method can achieve higher scores in all three metrics", which is in line with the results of our reproductions.
 - "We also find there is still a gap between the scores of generated summaries and the scores of golden summaries" – the gap seems substantially larger than in the original study.
- L1, level of education or field of study do not seem to have a significant impact on the results of human evaluation in the summarisation task.
- Evaluating all quality factors from the original study seems influential while designing reproduction studies

