


Modeling Document Collections

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 October 14, 2021



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Operational Programme Research,
Development and Education

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unless otherwise stated

Lagrange Multipliers

We want to find the maximum or minimum of a function $f(x)$ subjected to some equality constraint $g(x) = 0$.

We form the Lagrangian function $L(x, \lambda) = f(x) - \lambda g(x)$.

The solution corresponding to the original constrained optimization is always a saddle point of the Lagrangian function.

In our case, the equality constraint is:

$$g(\beta) = \sum_{m=1}^M \beta_m - 1 = 0$$

We form the following Lagrangian function:

$$L(\beta, \lambda) = \sum_{m=1}^M c_m \log \beta_m + \lambda(1 - \sum_{m=1}^M \beta_m)$$

Maximum Likelihood for Multinomial Distribution

We want to maximize the (log) likelihood

$$\log p(w|\beta) = \sum_{m=1}^M c_m \log \beta_m$$

We take derivatives of the Lagrangian function

$$L(\beta, \lambda) = \sum_{m=1}^M c_m \log \beta_m + \lambda(1 - \sum_{m=1}^M \beta_m)$$

By setting them to zero, we obtain

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \beta_m} = \frac{c_m}{\beta_m} - \lambda = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta_m = \frac{c_m}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = 1 - \sum_{m=1}^M \beta_m = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum_{m=1}^M \frac{c_m}{\lambda} = \frac{n}{\lambda} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad n = \lambda \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta_m = \frac{c_m}{n}$$

Expectation Maximization and Mixture of Categoricals

We want to maximize the likelihood of the data:

$$p(w|\theta, \beta) = \prod_{d=1}^D \sum_{k=1}^K p(z_d = k|\theta) \prod_{n=1}^{N_d} p(w_{nd}|z_d = k, \beta_k)$$

However, the latent variables (document categories) are unknown.

Expectation-Maximization algorithm:

1. Initialize θ and β randomly.
2. *E-step*: For each d and k , compute responsibilities r_{kd} as probabilities $q(z_d = k|\theta, \beta)$
3. *M-step*: Maximize the likelihood of the model with weighted by the responsibilities r_{kd} from step 2 and update the parameters β and θ .
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until convergence.

Expectation Maximization and Mixture of Categoricals

E-step: For each document, compute posterior distribution over categories:

$$r_{kd} = q(z_d = k) \propto p(z_d = k|\theta) \prod_{n=1}^{N_d} p(w_{nd}|z_d = k, \beta_k) = \theta_k \prod_{m=1}^M \beta_{km}^{c_{md}}$$

M-step: Maximize the log-likelihood weighted by the responsibilities r_{kd} :

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{d=1}^D \sum_{k=1}^K r_{kd} \log p(w, z_d) &= \sum_{k,d} r_{kd} \log [p(z_d = k|\theta) \prod_{n=1}^{N_d} p(w_{nd}|z_d = k, \beta_k)] \\ &= \sum_{k,d} r_{kd} (\log \theta_k + \log \prod_{m=1}^M \beta_{km}^{c_{md}}) \\ &= \sum_{k,d} r_{kd} (\log \theta_k + \sum_{m=1}^M c_{md} \log \beta_{km}) \end{aligned}$$

Expectation Maximization and Mixture of Categoricals

M-step (continued): We need Lagrange multipliers to constrain the maximization of the function ensure proper distributions.

$$L_1 = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} (\log \theta_k + \sum_{m=1}^M c_{md} \log \beta_{km}) + \lambda (1 - \sum_{k'=1}^K \theta_{k'})$$

$$\frac{\partial L_1}{\partial \theta_k} = \sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} \frac{1}{\theta_k} - \lambda = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \theta_k = \frac{\sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd}}{\lambda} = \frac{\sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd}}{\sum_{k'=1}^K \sum_{d=1}^D r_{k'd}} = \frac{\sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd}}{D}$$

$$L_2 = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} (\log \theta_k + \sum_{m=1}^M c_{md} \log \beta_{km}) + \sum_{k'=1}^K \lambda_{k'} (1 - \sum_{m'=1}^M \beta_{k'm'})$$

$$\frac{\partial L_2}{\partial \beta_{km}} = \sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} \frac{c_{md}}{\beta_{km}} - \lambda_k = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta_{km} = \frac{\sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} c_{md}}{\lambda_k} = \frac{\sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} c_{md}}{\sum_{m'=1}^M \sum_{d=1}^D r_{kd} c_{m'd}}$$

Exercises

1. Let's have $K = 2$, $M = \{a, b, c\}$ and observe the following set of documents

$$D_1 = \{a, b, b\}, \quad D_2 = \{a, c, c\}, \quad D_3 = \{a, b\}.$$

Assume the random initialization of parameters

$$\theta = [1/4, 3/4], \quad \beta_1 = [1/4, 1/4, 1/2], \quad \beta_2 = [1/2, 1/4, 1/4].$$

Compute the responsibilities and the first update of parameters.

2. What happens if we initialize the parameters θ and β uniformly?

Exercises

$$r_{11} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{256}$$

$$r_{12} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{256}$$

$$r_{13} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{256}$$

$$\theta_1 \sim r_{11} + r_{12} + r_{13} = \frac{9}{256} \sim \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\beta_{1a} \sim \frac{1 \cdot 1}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 4}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 4}{256} = \frac{9}{256} \sim \frac{9}{23}$$

$$\beta_{1b} \sim \frac{2 \cdot 1}{256} + \frac{0 \cdot 4}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 4}{256} = \frac{6}{256} \sim \frac{6}{23}$$

$$\beta_{1c} \sim \frac{0 \cdot 1}{256} + \frac{2 \cdot 4}{256} + \frac{0 \cdot 4}{256} = \frac{8}{256} \sim \frac{8}{23}$$

$$r_{21} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{6}{256}$$

$$r_{22} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{6}{256}$$

$$r_{23} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{24}{256}$$

$$\theta_2 \sim r_{21} + r_{22} + r_{23} = \frac{36}{256} \sim \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\beta_{2a} \sim \frac{1 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 24}{256} = \frac{36}{256} \sim \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\beta_{2b} \sim \frac{2 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{0 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{1 \cdot 24}{256} = \frac{36}{256} \sim \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\beta_{2c} \sim \frac{0 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{2 \cdot 6}{256} + \frac{0 \cdot 24}{256} = \frac{12}{256} \sim \frac{1}{7}$$