

Introduction to Machine Learning

NPFL 054

<http://ufal.mff.cuni.cz/course/npfl054>

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Demo 1

Verb Patterns Classification

Purpose of the demo task

= to show several things related to gold standard data for a supervised machine learning task, especially

- Manual annotation and basic data analysis
- Gold Standard data distribution
- Inter-annotator agreement
- Confusion matrices
- Error analysis

Verb Patterns Classification – task description

Verb Patterns Classification is a kind of *lexical disambiguation* of verbs. The task is similar to the traditional *word sense disambiguation* (WSD). The two tasks differ in how the semantic categories are defined (word senses vs. patterns of typical verb usage).

Let's focus on two English verbs, namely *cry* and *enlarge*.

CRY -- dictionary definitions

cry 🗨️ ♦♦♦♦◇

1 cry; cries; crying; cried

When you cry, tears come from your eyes, usually because you are unhappy or hurt.

I hung up the phone and started to **cry**.

Please don't **cry**.

He **cried** with anger and frustration.

...a **crying** baby.

VB

2 cry; cries; crying; cried

If you cry something, you shout it or say it loudly.

'Nancy Drew,' she **cried**, 'you're under arrest!'

I **cried**: 'It's wonderful news!'

VB

5 cry; cries

You can refer to a public protest about something or appeal for something as a cry of some kind. (JOURNALISM)

There have been **cries** of outrage about this expenditure.

Many other countries have turned a deaf ear to their **cries** for help.

N-COUNT: usu N of/for n

ENLARGE -- dictionary definitions

enlarge  ♦♦♦♦ enlarge; enlarges; enlarging; enlarged

- 1 When you **enlarge** something or when it **enlarges**, it becomes bigger.
...the plan to **enlarge** Ewood Park into a 30,000 all-seater stadium...
The glands in the neck may **enlarge**.

V-ERG

@ **enlarged**

The UN secretary-general yesterday recommended an **enlarged** peacekeeping force.

ADJ-GRADED

- 2 To **enlarge** a photograph means to develop a bigger print of it.
...newly-weds wishing to **enlarge** snaps of their big day.

VB

- 3 If you **enlarge** on something that has been mentioned, you give more details about it. (FORMAL)

He didn't **enlarge** on the form that the interim government and assembly would take.

I wish to **enlarge** upon a statement made by Gary Docking.

VB

= expand

CRY -- Pattern definitions

Pattern 1 [Human] cry [no object]

Explanation [[Human]] weeps usually because [[Human]] is unhappy or in pain

Example *His advice to stressful women was: ` If you **cry**, do n't cry alone.*

Pattern 4 [Human] cry [THAT-CL|WH-CL|QUOTE] ({out})

Explanation [[Human]] shouts ([QUOTE]) loudly typically, in order to attract attention

Example *You can hear them screaming and banging their heads, **crying** that they want to go home.*

Pattern 7 [Entity | State] cry [{out}] [{for} Action] [no object]

Explanation [[Entity | State]] requires [[Action]] to be taken urgently

Example *Identifying areas which **cry** out for improvement or even simply areas of muddle and misunderstanding, is by no means negative -- rather a spur to action.*

ENLARGE -- Pattern definitions

Pattern 1 **[[Human]^[Eventuality]] enlarge [Entity]**

Explanation [[Human | Eventuality]] causes [[Entity]] to grow or become larger

Example *These were not large powers, but later changes were to **enlarge** them.*

Pattern 2 **[Entity] enlarge [no object]**

Explanation [[Entity]] grows or becomes larger

Example *As infants grow, their bodies not only **enlarge** but change both in shape and colour.*

Pattern 3 **[[Human]^[Document]] enlarge [{on | upon} Anything = Topic] [no object]**

Explanation [[Human]] speaks or writes at length on [[Anything = Topic]] or [[Document]] contains long-winded comments on [[Topic]]

Example *Let me **enlarge** on this a little.*

Pattern 4 **enlarged**

Explanation now larger than before, without any deliberate causer or causer irrelevant

Example *The fluid filled spaces or ventricles appear to be **enlarged**, and the blood flow to the front of the brain is reduced.*

Verb Patterns Classification – annotation description

You will classify *cry* and *enlarge* manually.

- You will be given 10+10 sentences with the given verbs
- For each sentence you will assign a pattern that fits best the given sentence
 - there are 3 predefined patterns for the verb *cry*
 - there are 4 predefined patterns for the verb *enlarge*
 - if you think that no pattern matches the sentence, choose "u"
 - if you think that the given word is not a verb, choose "x"
- Use the forms posted at <https://ufal.mff.cuni.cz/courses/npfl054/demo>

Gold Standard data – distributions

Gold standard data sets are posted on the course web page (DEMO).

CRY – 250 instances in the GS set

class	1	4	7	u	x
frequency	131	59	13	33	14

ENLARGE – 300 instances in the GS set

class	1	2	3	4	u
frequency	230	21	20	26	3

Automatic classifier

Automatic classifier is a function that assigns certain output class to each input instance.

Output class is a discrete (possibly categorical) value.

In the demo task: Pattern tags are categorical output values, sentences containing the verbs in question are input instances.

Classifier accuracy is often *estimated* using a test data sample as a percentage of correctly classified instances in the sample. This estimate is called *sample accuracy*.

Automatic predictions made by automatic classifier (our best model F1) are posted on the course web page (DEMO).

- NOTE that it is the same GS set, and it was also used as training data (!).
- Thus, you can compute only the training error, not the test error.

Annotated data – a subset of the GS

- the same data set annotated by each group

2014 – 2 groups

- **A** (5 Czech)
- **B** (2 Czech, 3 foreign)

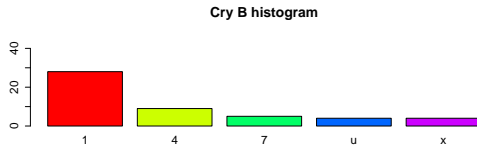
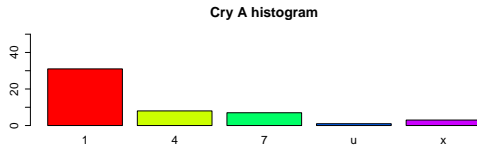
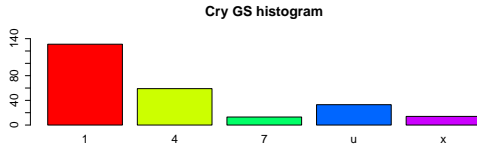
2015 – 4 groups

- **A** (6 Czech)
- **B** (6 Czech)
- **C** (6 Czech)
- **D** (6 Czech)

Now we can analyse/compare

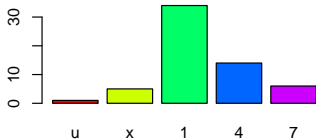
- which group is closer to the Gold Standard
- inter-annotator agreement between groups
- error types
 - made by people
 - made by automatic classifier

A, B and GS distributions - CRY (2014)

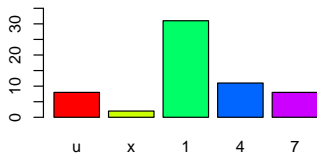


A, B, C, D distributions - CRY (2015)

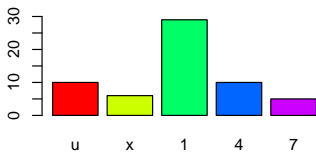
Cry A



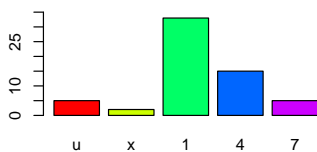
Cry B



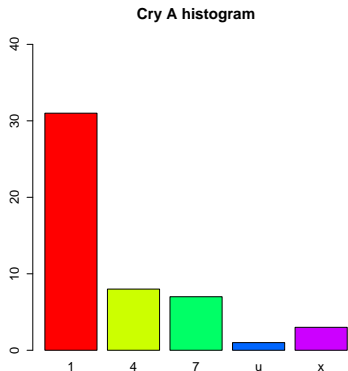
Cry C



Cry D



A vs GS - confusion matrix - CRY (2014)



	GS				
	1	4	7	u	x
A 1	27	2	0	2	0
A 4	1	6	0	0	1
A 7	0	1	2	3	1
A u	1	0	0	0	0
A x	2	0	0	1	0

Number of agreements: 35 (70%)

Number of disagreements: 15 (30%)

A, B, C, D vs GS - confusion matrix - CRY (2015)

	GS					
A	u	x	1	4	7	
u	0	0	1	0	0	
x	0	2	2	1	0	
1	2	0	29	3	0	
4	1	0	5	8	0	
7	3	0	1	0	2	

Agreement: 41 (68%)

Disagreement: 19 (32%)

	GS					
C	u	x	1	4	7	
u	3	0	5	2	0	
x	1	1	2	2	0	
1	1	0	28	0	0	
4	1	0	3	6	0	
7	0	1	0	2	2	

Agreement: 40 (67%)

Disagreement: 20 (33%)

	GS					
B	u	x	1	4	7	
u	2	1	3	2	0	
x	0	0	2	0	0	
1	0	0	30	1	0	
4	2	0	3	6	0	
7	2	1	0	3	2	

Agreement: 40 (67%)

Disagreement: 20 (33%)

	GS					
D	u	x	1	4	7	
u	2	0	2	1	0	
x	1	0	1	0	0	
1	1	1	31	0	0	
4	0	1	4	10	0	
7	2	0	0	1	2	

Agreement: 45 (75%)

Disagreement: 15 (25%)

A, B, C, D vs GS - confusion m. - ENLARGE (2015)

		GS				
A	u	1	2	3	4	
u	0	4	0	0	0	
1	0	26	0	0	0	
2	1	4	7	0	1	
3	0	1	0	0	1	
4	0	9	1	0	5	

Agreement: 38 (63%)
Disagreement: 22 (37%)

		GS				
B	u	1	2	3	4	
u	0	5	0	0	0	
1	1	18	1	0	1	
2	0	6	7	0	2	
3	0	2	0	0	1	
4	0	13	0	0	3	

Agreement: 28 (47%)
Disagreement: 32 (53%)

		GS				
C	u	1	2	3	4	
u	0	5	2	0	1	
1	1	18	0	0	0	
2	0	6	6	0	2	
3	0	4	0	0	0	
4	0	11	0	0	4	

Agreement: 28 (47%)
Disagreement: 32 (53%)

		GS				
D	u	1	2	3	4	
u	0	4	0	0	0	
1	1	25	2	0	1	
2	0	3	6	0	1	
3	0	2	0	0	0	
4	0	10	0	0	5	

Agreement: 36 (60%)
Disagreement: 24 (40%)