How to get the model to do what we want:

Structured outputs and their applications

Zdeněk Kasner



Charles University Faculty of Mathematics and Physics Institute of Formal and Applied Linguistics



unless otherwise stated

Deploying LLMs be like...



Generate a weather forecast from the data. **Output only**. No talking around, no formatting!



Sure! Here is a required output with no extra details: The weather in Prague this morning will be cold...

What can we do about it?

1. Be **extremely** precise (mostly works for the state-of-the-art models)

You will output a single-paragraph response. The output will be delimited by triple backticks ``` from the top and from the bottom like this: {example}. Do not output anything else: once you generate the final set of backticks, end your response.

2. Prime the LLM by **prefixing its answer**

{ 'user' : prompt with instructions

What can we do about it?

3. Use structured outputs





JSON mode

basic, supported by most current frameworks / APIs

GBNF grammar

advanced, needs to use a specific library

JSON mode

Defining a **JSON scheme**: fields and their

types.

• See the <u>Pydantic</u> library.

Generally supported: <u>ollama</u>, <u>OpenAI</u>, <u>Anthropic</u>, etc.

• Careful: currently only limited support for reasoning models.

$\bullet \bullet \bullet$

```
from ollama import chat
from pydantic import BaseModel
```

class Country(BaseModel): name: str capital: str languages: list[str]

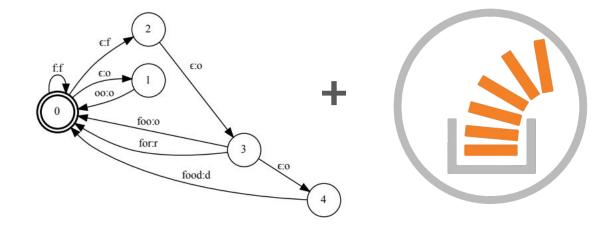
```
response = chat(
    messages=[ { 'role': 'user', 'content': 'Tell me
    about Canada.' }],
    model='llama3.1',
    format=Country.model_json_schema(),
```

country = Country.model_validate_json(response.message.content) print(country)

GBNF grammar

LLM output needs to follow a specific grammar \rightarrow wider range of use-cases.

Implemented in the outlines library.

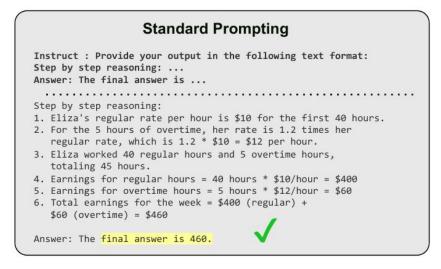


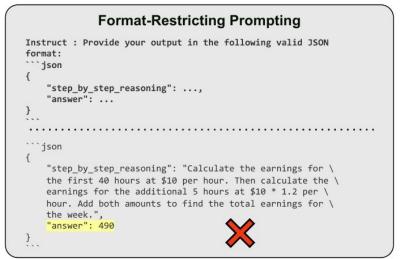
"GBNF, a rebranding of Backus-Naur Form is a kind of Regex if you somehow made Regex more obtuse and clunky and also way less powerful. (...) HOWEVER, if you tame this vile beast of a language you can make AI respond to you in pretty much any way vou like."

<u>Reddit user in</u> <u>r/LocalLLaMa</u>

Issue #1: Structured output can be unnatural

For some tasks, structured output is an unnatural format \rightarrow can lead to degraded performance (<u>Tam et al., 2024</u>).





Issue #2: Token-terminal mismatch

LLM's token boundaries may not match the terminals in the grammar.

					Score	Tokenization
S	\rightarrow	FUNCTION "("	NUMBER	")"	0.4	fo 0(1 2 3)
FUNCTION	\rightarrow	"foo" "bar"			0.3	bar (456)
NUMBER	\rightarrow	"123" 456"			0.2	foo (123)
					0.1	ba r(4 5 6)

Naive approach: allow only tokens that match the terminals

 \rightarrow can lead to suboptimal performance

Better approaches: subgrammars <u>(Beurer-Kellner et al., 2024)</u>, FSA composition <u>(Koo et al., 2024)</u>

How we used structured outputs in our experiments

Our use-case: producing a structured list of text annotations.

gemma2 gold-final-zeroshot-claude-3-7-sonnetann0

The Ituano team won 4-3 against Vila Nova in a match played on November 17th,

2024. Ituano scored four goals throughout

the game, with Leozinho and Salatiel

contributing to their victory. Vila Nova

fought back with three goals from Luciano Naninho, Alesson, and Jemmes, but

nanimo, nicocon, and common,

ultimately fell short.

[{

```
"reason": "The match date is incorrect. The
data shows the match was on November 17th, 2024, but
the actual date format in the data is '2024-11-17',
which is November 17th, 2024.",
        "text": "November 17th, 2024",
        "type": 0
    },
        "reason": "The text mentions Leozinho scoring
for Ituano without mentioning José Aldo and Vinícius
Paiva who also scored according to the events data.",
        "text": "Leozinho and Salatiel contributing
to their victory",
        "type": 2
}]
```

Other examples of applications

• Multiple-choice question answering.

```
generate.choice(model, ["Pizza", "Pasta", "Salad"])
```

• Calling tools with specific interface.

click(x={number}, y={number}); fill({text}}

• Parsing unstructured documents.

```
pets=[ Pet(name='Luna', animal='cat', age=5, color='grey',
favorite_toy='yarn'), Pet(name='Loki', animal='cat', age=2,
color='black', favorite_toy='tennis balls')]
```

Resources

- <u>outlines library</u>
- JSON mode: <u>ollama</u>, <u>OpenAI</u>, <u>Google</u>, <u>Anthropic</u>
- papers
 - Efficient Guided Generation for Large Language Models (Willard and Louf, 2023)
 - Automata-based constraints for language model decoding (Koo et al., 2024)
 - Let Me Speak Freely? A Study on the Impact of Format Restrictions on Performance of Large Language Models (Tam et al., 2024)
 - <u>Guiding LLMs The Right Way: Fast, Non-Invasive Constrained Generation (Beurer-Kellner</u> <u>et al., 2024)</u>
- <u>video: Structured Output from LLMs: Grammars, Regex, and State</u> <u>Machines</u>