# Cleaning E2E training data fixes up to 97% NLG semantic errors



# **Semantic Noise Matters**

for Neural Natural Language Generation



CHARLES JNIVERSITY

Ondřej Dušek<sup>\*</sup> David M. Howcroft<sup>†</sup> Verena Rieser<sup>†</sup>

### Research Questions

- Does noisy data matter for Neural Natural Language Generation (**NNLG**)?
- Can NNLG systems learn to ignore errors in training data by generalising away from them?

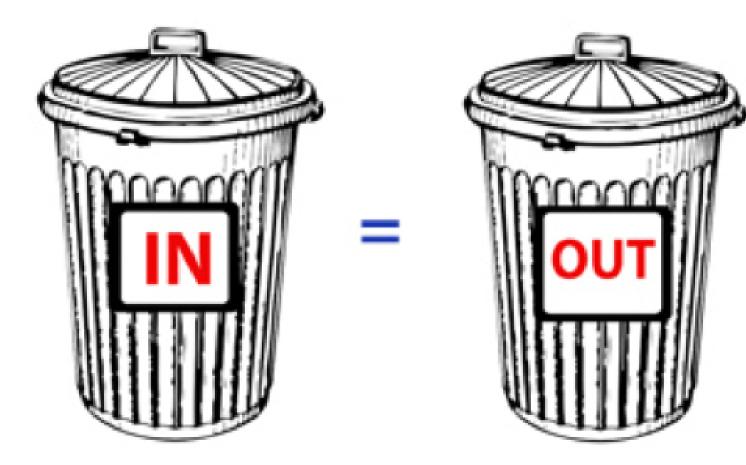
### **Example MR Fixes by Our Script**

### Original MR and an accurate reference

**MR** name[Cotto], eatType[coffee shop], food[English], priceRange[less than  $\pounds 20$ ], customer\_rating[low], area[riverside], near[The Portland Arms]

**Reference** At the riverside near The Portland Arms, Cotto is a coffee shop

### The Problem: Noisy Training Data



## **Crowdworkers introduce more noise than expected**

Deletions Alterations Insertions Measured by calculating the **Semantic Error Rate** 

> $SER = \frac{\#added + \#missing + \#wrong value}{\#added + \#missing + \#wrong value}$ #slots

### End-to-End Generation Challenge Corpus (E2E)

that serves English food at less than  $\pm 20$  and has low customer rating.

### Example corrections

**Reference:** Cotto is a coffee shop that serves English food in the city centre. They are located near the Portland Arms and are low rated. **Correction:** removed price range; changed area **Reference:** Cotto is a cheap coffee shop with one-star located near The

Portland Arms.

**Correction:** removed area

### A faulty correction

**Reference:** Located near The Portland Arms in riverside, the Cotto coffee shop serves English food with a price range of \$20 and a low customer rating.

**Correction:** incorrectly(!) removed price range

- our script's slot patterns are not perfect

### Impact on Neural NLG Systems

Cleaned data can reduce errors by up to 97%

- collected via crowdsourcing
- used by 17 teams in the E2E challenge
- used in 13 published papers since

# 11–17% SER in the E2E dataset

> approx. 40% of references include  $\geq 1$  error

# Fixing the E2E NLG Challenge Dataset

## We cleaned the data! (a little goes a long way)

- our heuristic script for SER also provides corrections
- good accuracy but not perfect
  - $\blacktriangleright$  SER 4.2%; 19.5% of references with errors
- some cleaned MRs from TRAIN&DEV overlapped TEST
  - these instances were removed
  - $\triangleright$  systems trained on cleaned data can be evaluated on original TEST
- cleaned data: fewer instances, more distinct MRs
  - more challenging for training

# Results

System	TRAIN	BLEU	NIST	Α	Μ	V	SER
Seq2Seq	Original	63.37	7.71	0.06	15.77	0.11	15.94
	Cleaned added	64.40	7.96	0.01	13.08	0.00	13.09
	Cleaned missing	66.28	8.52	0.14	2.26	0.22	2.61
	Cleaned	65.87	8.64	0.20	0.56	0.21	0.97
TGen	Original	66.41	8.55	0.14	4.11	0.03	4.27
	Cleaned added	66.23	8.55	0.04	3.04	0.00	3.09
	Cleaned missing	67.00	8.68	0.06	0.44	0.03	0.53
	Cleaned	66.24	8.68	0.10	0.02	0.00	0.12
Table: A =	% instances with a	dded slots	s, $M = n$	nissed	slots, V	= wron	g values

- fixing missing slots has the biggest effect
- results confirmed by manual analysis
  - SER script 99.93% accurate on system outputs
- SC-LSTM is more affected by noise and works poorly on E2E data in general, likely due to reliance on delexicalization

Part	MRs	Refs	SER(%)
TRAIN	4,862	42,061	17.69
Dev	547	4,672	11.42
Test	630	4,693	11.49
TRAIN	8,362	33,525	(0.00)
Dev	1,132	4,299	(0.00)
Test	1,358	4,693	(0.00)
	TRAIN DEV TEST TRAIN DEV	TRAIN4,862DEV547TEST630TRAIN8,362DEV1,132	TRAIN4,86242,061DEV5474,672TEST6304,693TRAIN8,36233,525DEV1,1324,299

Table: # of distinct MRs, # of reference texts, and SER as measured by our script.

### **Conclusions and Future Work**

### Semantic noise matters

Crowdsourced datasets are noisy, so clean your data!

# Get our data & code here:

https://github.com/tuetschek/e2e-cleaning

# What's next?

continuing to improve data & checking effects on diversity

D.Howcroft@hw.ac.uk authors listed alphabetically

Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic

<sup>†</sup>Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, United Kingdom

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