



# Prague Dependency Treebank: Annotation of Surface Syntax

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# PDT: a-layer



## Goal:

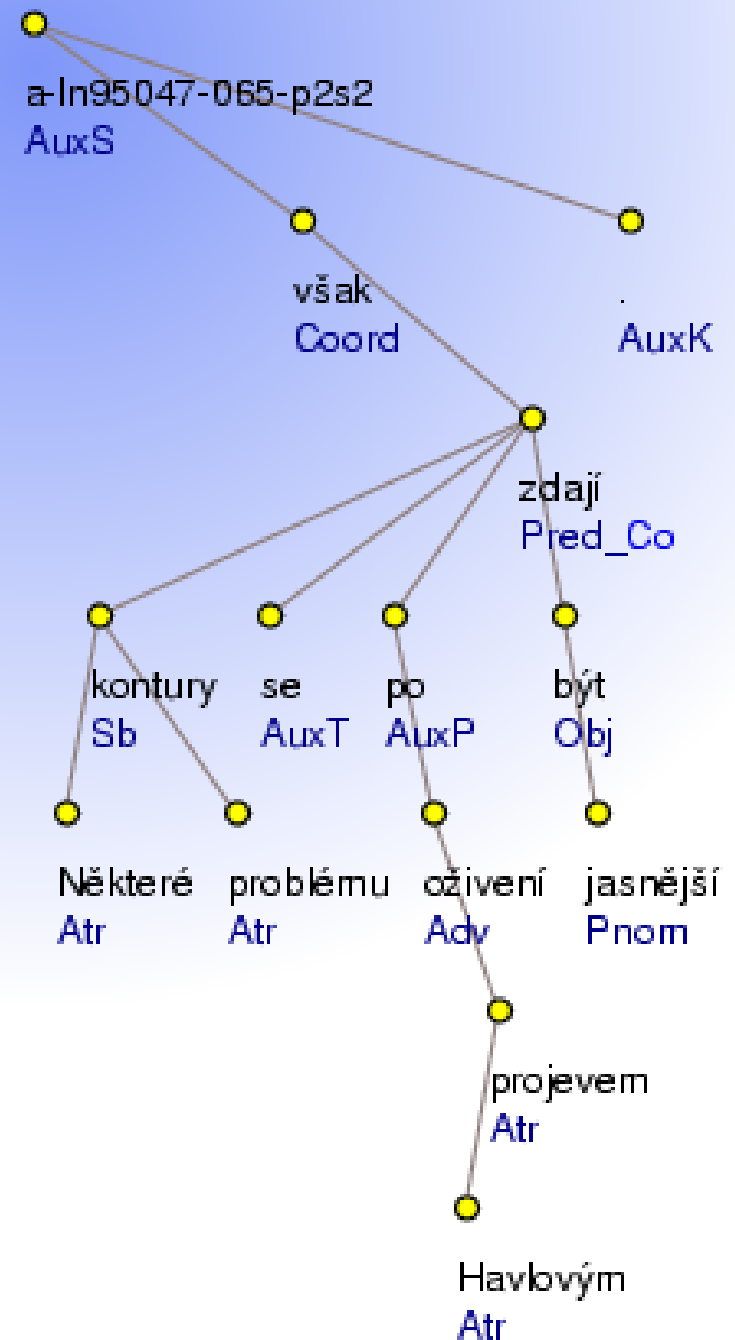
- to describe the structure of the sentence and
- to denote the type of relations between "words"
- dependency tree
- one token from m-layer ~ one node incl. prepositions, punctuation ... plus technical root
- relations ~ edges
  - dependency, coordination, punctuation, ...
  - type of relation: attribute of the child node
  - oriented "upwards", i.e., towards its parent / "governing" node
- linear ordering ~ surface word order

documentation: <http://ufal.mff.cuni.cz/pdt2.0/doc/manuals/en/a-layer/html/index.html>

# PDT: a-layer

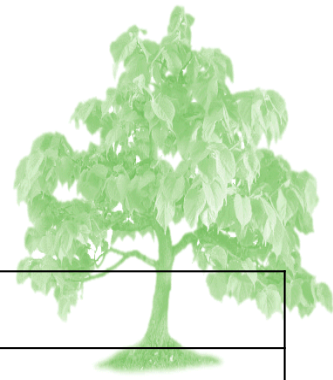
*Některé kontury problému se však po oživením Havlovým projevem zdají být jasnější .*

[Some contours of the problem seem to be clearer after the resurgence by Havel's speech.]



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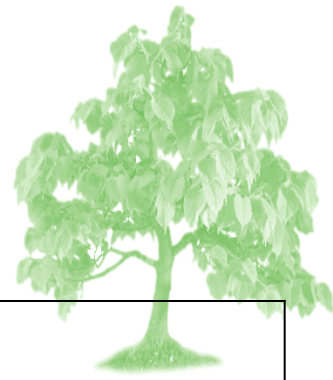
# A-layer: attributes of a node (non-root)



Attribute Name	Description
id	unique identifier of the node in PDT 2.0
m.rf	PML reference; points to a node on the m-layer (i.e., node m)
<b>afun</b>	<b>analytical function ~ kind of relation between the node and its parent node</b>
is_member	0 or 1; denoting members of a coordination or apposition; only children of a node with afun Coord or Apos (disregarding AuxP and AuxC)
is_parenthesis_ _root	0 or 1; 1 identifies roots of subtrees corresponding to parentheses
ord	positive integer; the (left to right) order of representing the nodes in graphical applications
clause_member	identifies a clause to which the node belongs

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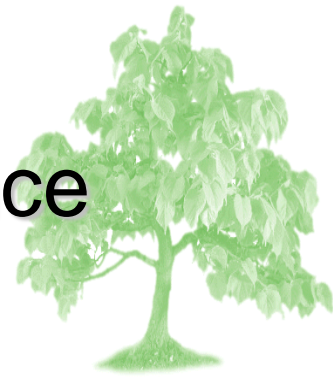
# A-layer: attributes of a root



Attribute Name	Description
id	unique identifier of the tree in PDT 2.0
s.rf	PML reference (points to a sentence marked s on the m-layer )
afun	AuxS (analytical function)
ord	0 (position in the horizontal ordering of the nodes in a tree )

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# Principles of Annotation: A simple sentence



***Predicate*** ... analytical functions: **Pred, Pnom, AuxV**

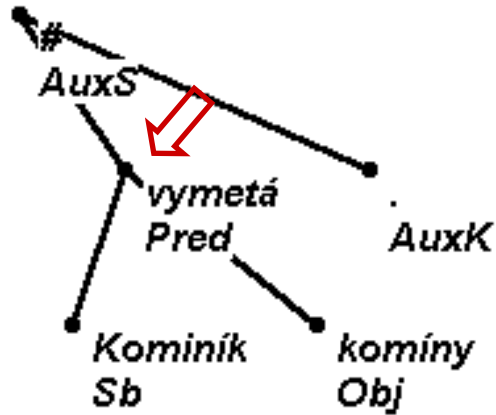
- basic sentence member
- some property/state/change/activity is attributed to the subject
- governing node (= head) of its clause

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# Predicate: Dependency Structure



- predicate of a **main clause**
  - a child of the root, analytical function ... **Pred**



*Chimneysweep **sweeps**  
chimneys.*

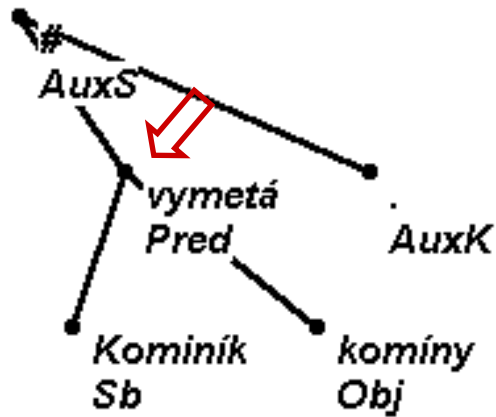
# Predicate: Dependency Structure



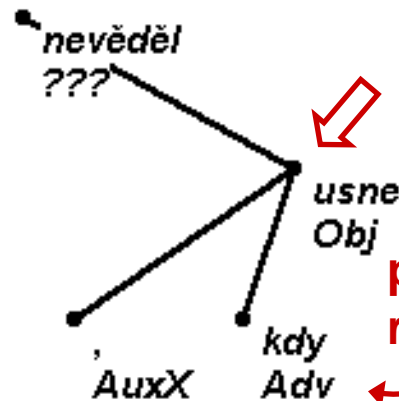
- predicate of a **main clause**
  - a child of the root, analytical function ... **Pred**

**BUT:**

- predicate of a **subordinate clause**
  - afun of the respective function

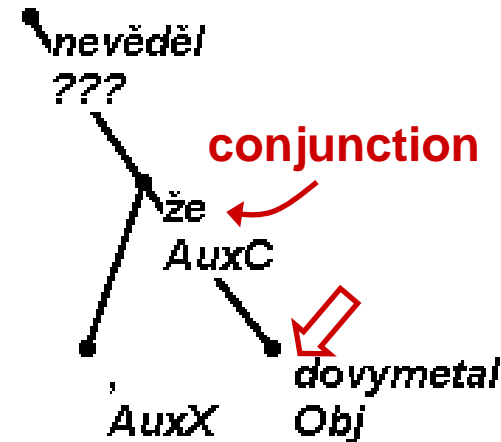


*Chimneysweep sweeps chimneys.*



*did-not-know when falls-asleep*

**pronominal adverb /  
relative pronoun**



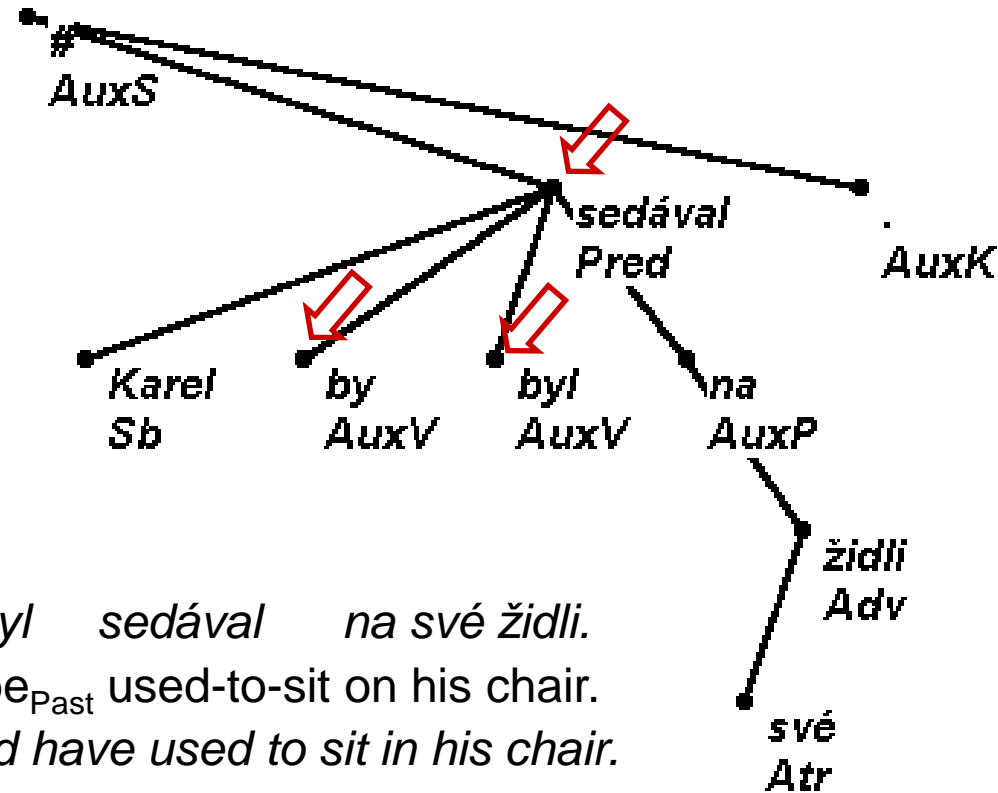
*did-not-know that  
he-had-finished-sweeping*



# Predicate: Analytical Verb Forms



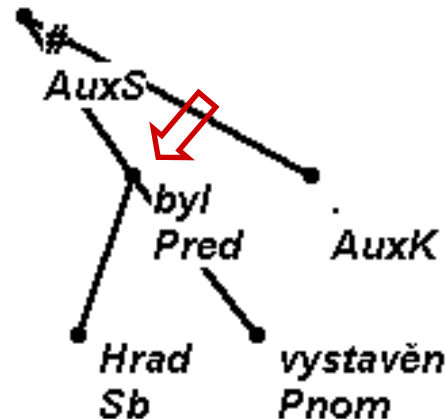
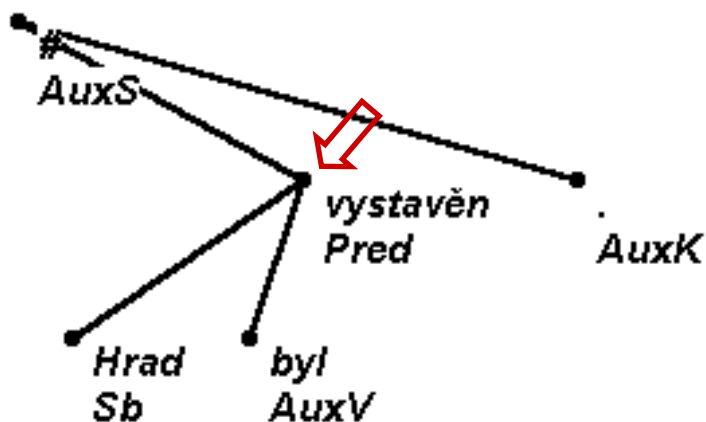
- auxiliary verb(s) + lexical verb
  - lexical verb ... head ... **Pred**
  - auxiliary verb(s) ... child(ren), afun **AuxV**





# Predicate: Analytical Verb Forms

- auxiliary verb(s) + lexical verb
  - lexical verb ... head ... **Pred**
  - auxiliary verb(s) ... child(ren), afun **AuxV**
- Note: **passive participle** (= action) vs. **state**



*Hrad byl vystavěn.*  
(The) castle was erected.

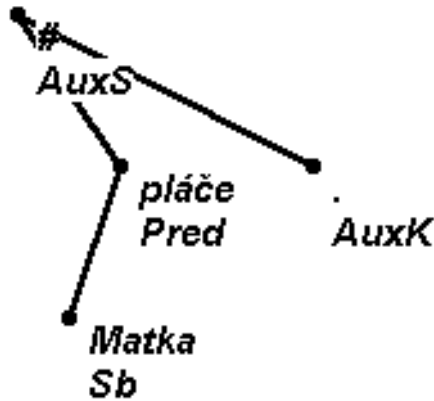
# Predicate: Three Different Types



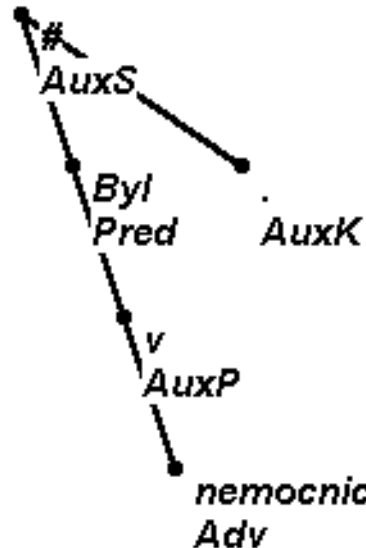
## 1. simple verbal predicate (incl. analytical verbal forms)

typically a finite verb form ... **(AuxV +) Pred**

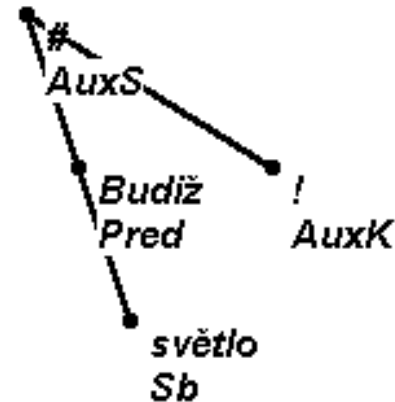
lexical or *být* [to be] (existential, substitute), incl. *lze, nelze* [is (not) possible]



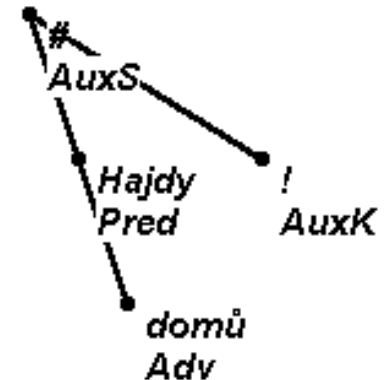
*Mother cries.*



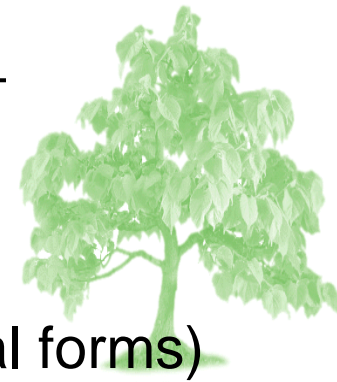
*(He) was in (a) hospital.*



*Let there be light.*



*Hurrah for home!*



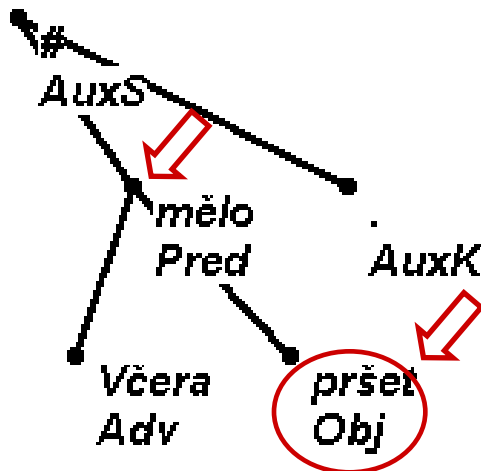
# Predicate: Three Different Types

1. simple verbal predicate (incl. compound/analytical verbal forms)

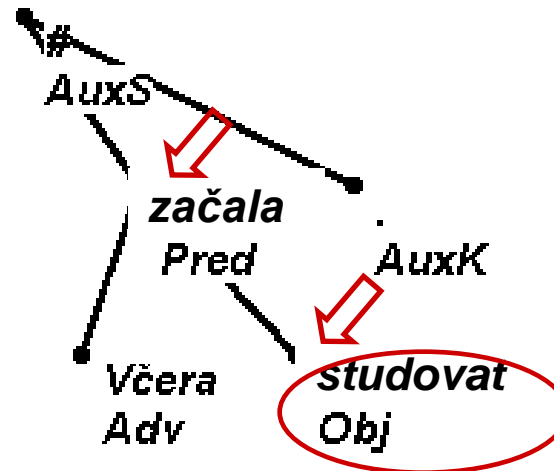
2. **compound verbal predicate ... Pred + Obj**

finite **modal / phase verb** + infinitive of **lexical verb**

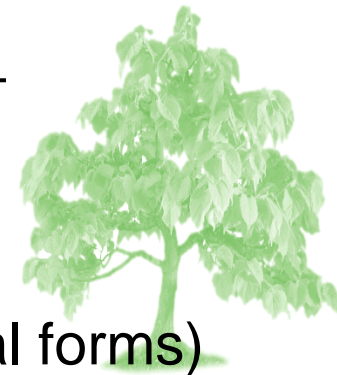
*mít* [should], *muset* [must], *moci* [can], *chtít* [to want], *dát\_se* [to be possible], *smět* [may]; *začít* [to begin], *skončit* [to end], ...



Yesterday (it) should rain.

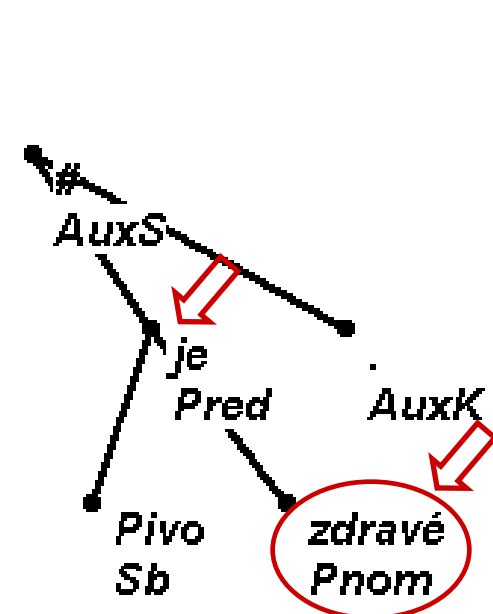


Yesterday (she) began (to) study.

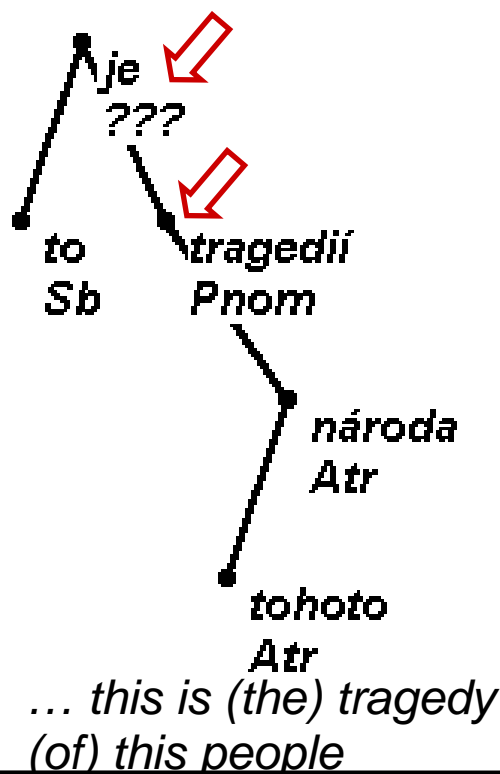


# Predicate: Three Different Types

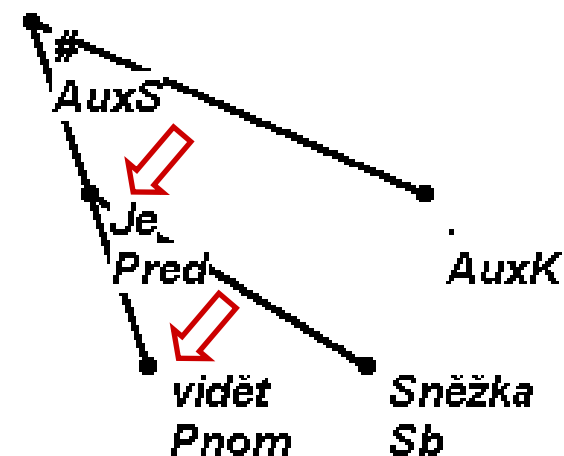
1. simple verbal predicate (incl. compound/analytical verbal forms)
2. compound verbal predicate
3. **verbal nominal predicate** (přísudek slovesně jmenný) ... **Pred + Pnom**  
finite form of copula (spona) *být* + nominal part



*Beer is healthy.*



*... this is (the) tragedy  
(of) this people*



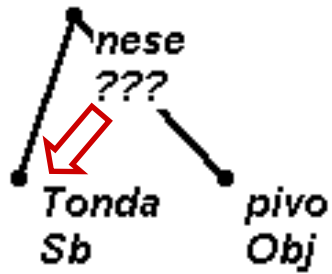
*it-is – to-see – Sněžka  
Sněžka can be seen.*

# Subject

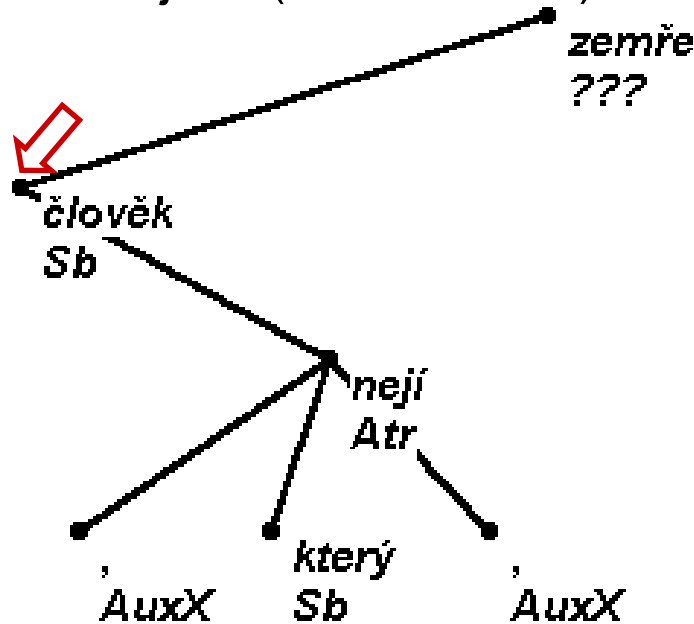


**Subject** ... analytical function: **Sb**

- any construction answering the question *who (what)*
- dependent on a predicate
- possible forms of subject (see the data)



*Tonda nese pivo.*  
Tony – brings – beer

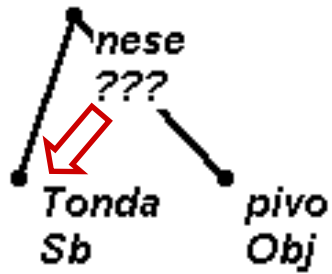


*člověk, který nejí, zemře*  
man – who – not-eats – dies

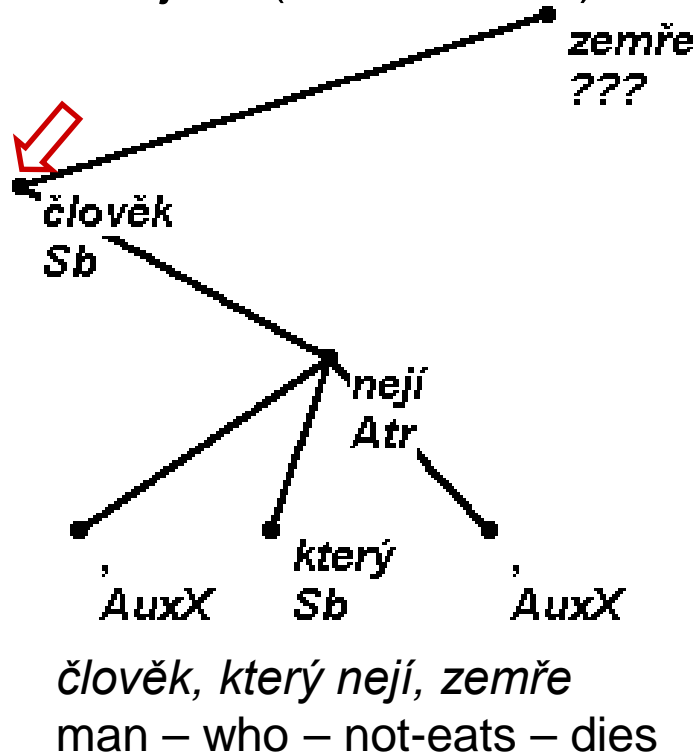
# Subject

**Subject** ... analytical function: **Sb**

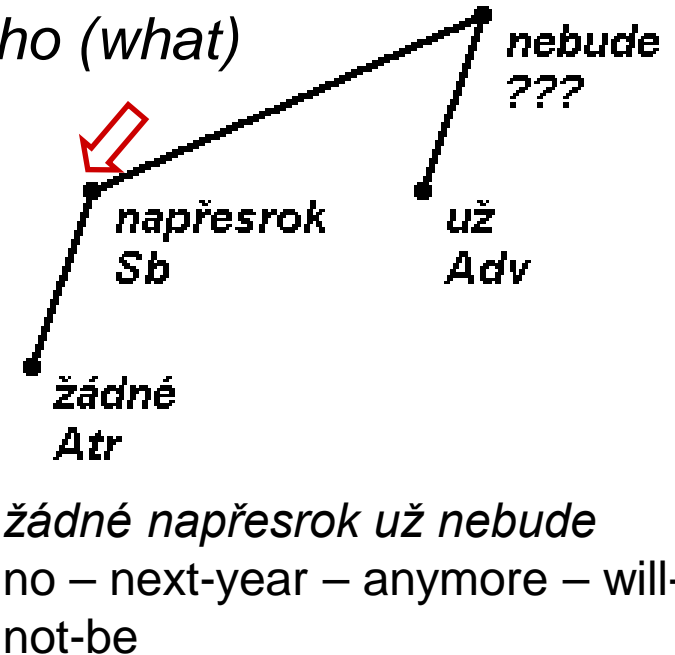
- any construction answering the question *who (what)*
- dependent on a predicate
- possible forms of subject (see the data)



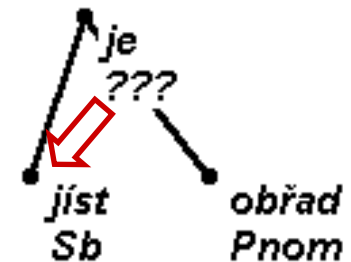
*Tonda nese pivo.*  
Tony – brings – beer



*člověk, který nejí, zemře*  
man – who – not-eats – dies



*žádné napřesrok už nebude*  
no – next-year – anymore – will-not-be



*jíst je obřad*  
to-eat – is – ceremony

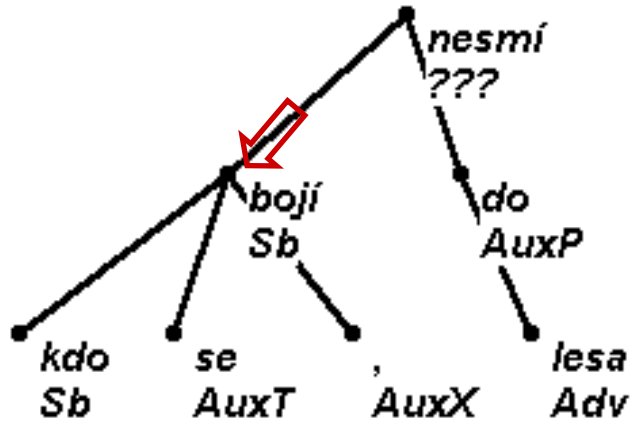


# Subject (cont.)

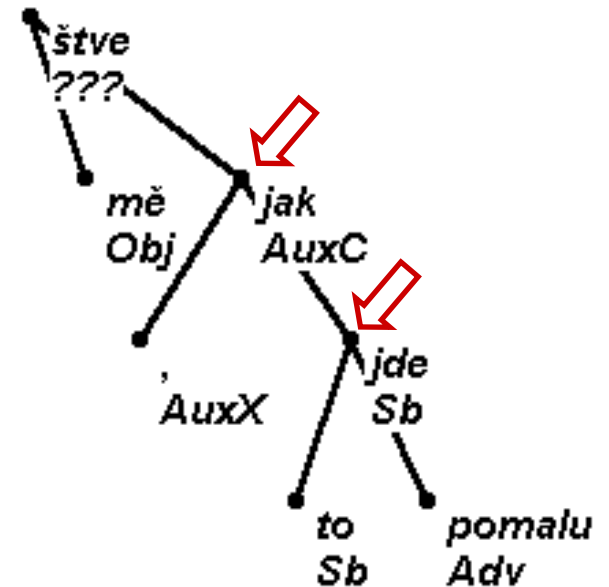


**Subject** ... analytical function: **Sb**

- any construction answering the question *who (what)*
- dependent on a predicate
- possible forms of subject (see the data)



*kdo se bojí, nesmí do lesa*  
who –refl – is-frightened – must-not – to – wood  
*whoever is frightened, must not enter a wood*



*štve mě, jak to jde pomalu*  
irritates – me – how – it – proceeds  
– slowly  
*it irritates me how slowly it proceeds*



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# Attribute

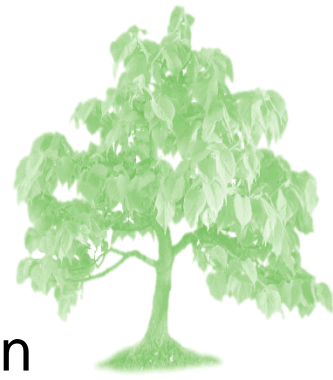


**Attribute** ... analytical functions: **Atr**

- modifies a noun (with any function)
- answers the question ... *which, what* or *whose* (jaký, který, čí)

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# Attribute: Agreement



- agreeing attribute ... the same case as its governing noun

Adj ... case, number, gender

BUT: *kluku ušatá*

písmena  
???

červená  
Atr

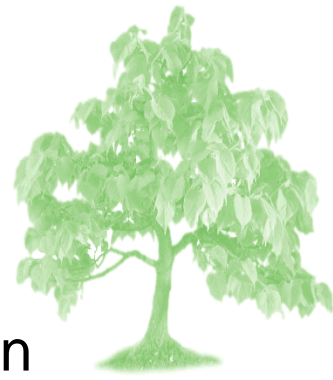
red letters

maminka  
???

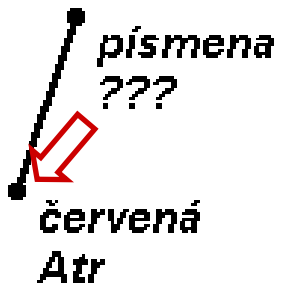
nebožka  
Atr

the dead mother

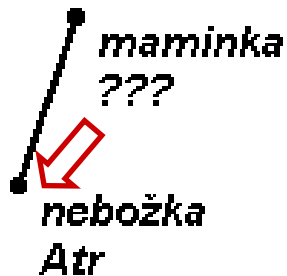
# Attribute: Agreement



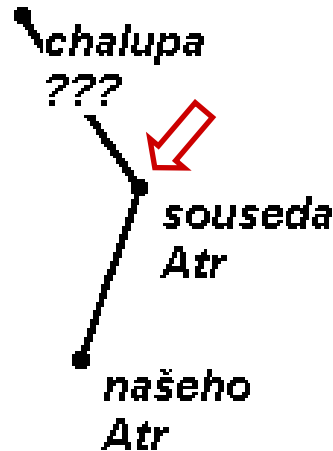
- agreeing attribute ... the same case as its governing noun  
Adj ... case, number, gender  
BUT: *kluku ušatá*
- non-agreeing attribute



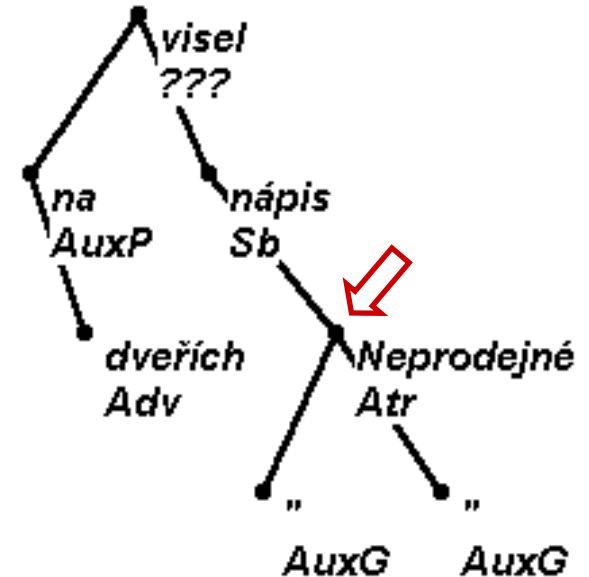
red letters



the dead mother

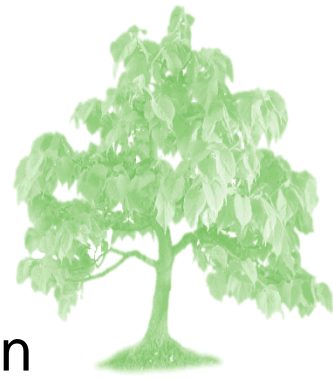


cottage of our neighbor

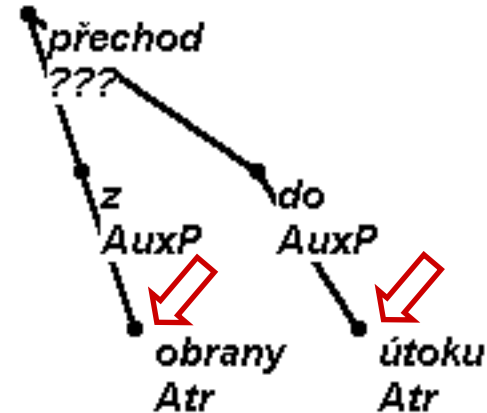


an inscription "Not for sale" was hanging on the door

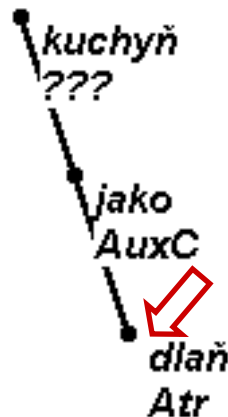
# Attribute: Agreement



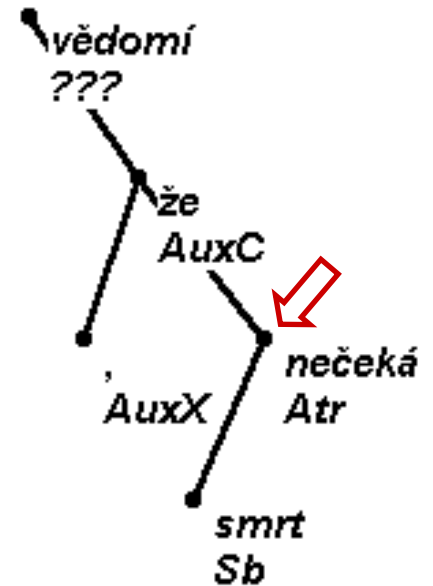
- agreeing attribute ... the same case as its governing noun  
Adj ... case, number, gender  
BUT: *kluku ušatá*
- non-agreeing attribute



*passing from defense to attack*



*kitchen like (a) palm*



*knowledge that death  
does-not-wait*

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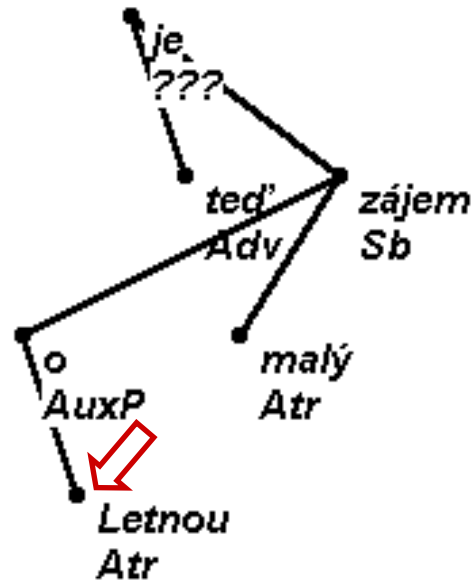
# Attribute (cont.)



Atr ... "technical" solution for

- addresses
- names of persons and institutions
- foreign words
- expressions with numerals
- figures

# Attribute: Non-projectivity



*there is a little interest in Letná*

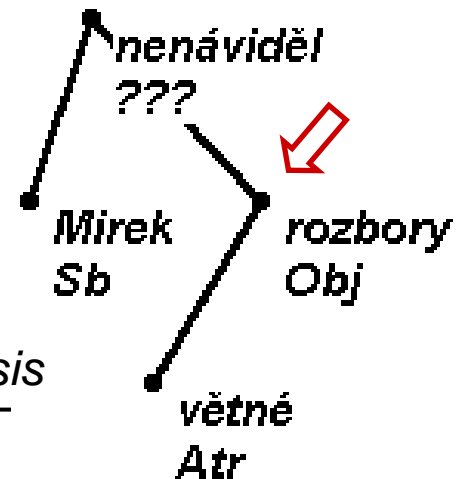
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# Object



**Object** ... analytical functions: **Obj**

- object modifies a verb / adjective / adverb
- typically, **a form of an object is prescribed** by its governing word (esp. case; cz term: **rekce**)



*Mirek hated (a) sentence analysis*

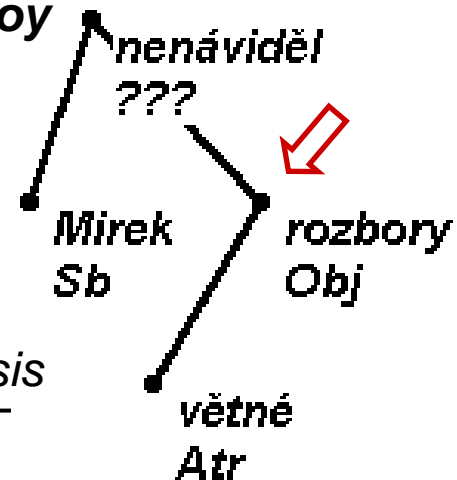
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# Object



**Object** ... analytical functions: **Obj**

- object modifies a verb / adjective / adverb
- typically, **a form of an object is prescribed** by its governing word (esp. case; cz term: **rekce**)
- 1. direct (accusative), indirect (dative), second object
  - **result/effect** of an action,  
e.g. *to write **a letter**, to convert a document from one format **to another**, she was appointed **a special assistant***
  - **what is affected**, e.g. *to touch **a table***
  - what the action is directly **aiming at**, e.g. *to advise **a boy***
  - **an origin**,  
e.g. *to convert a document **from one format** to another*
  - (infinitive following a modal or phase verb)



*Mirek hated (a) sentence analysis*



# Object

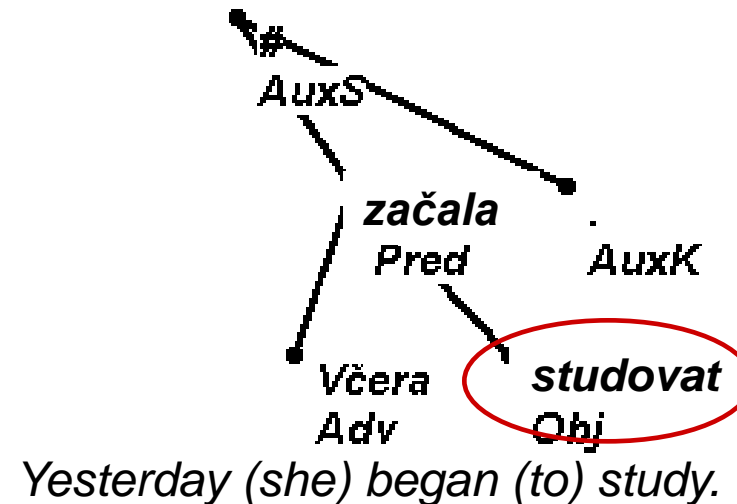
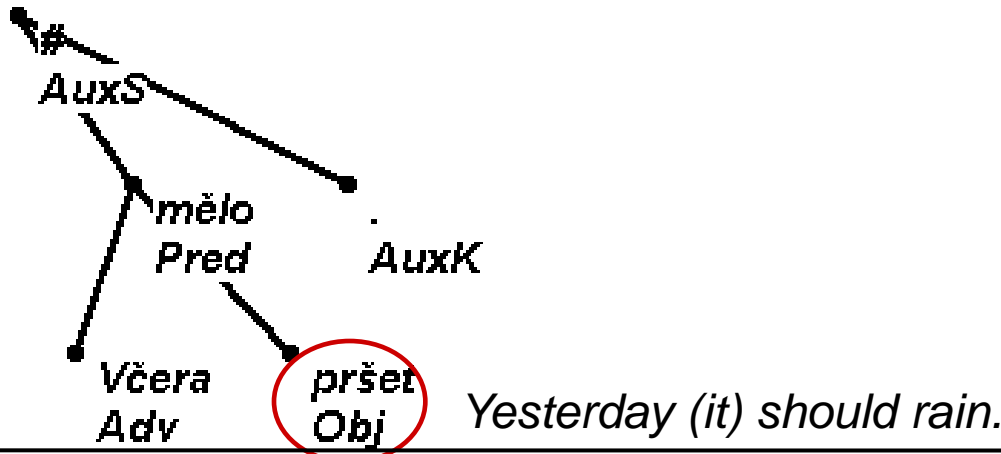


**Object** ... analytical functions: **Obj**

- object modifies a verb / adjective / adverb
- typically, **a form of an object is prescribed** by its governing word (esp. case; cz term: **rekce**)
- **2. compound verbal predicate ... Pred + Obj**

finite **modal / phase verb** + infinitive of **lexical verb**

*mít [should], muset [must], moci [can], chtít [to want], dát\_se [to be possible], smět [may]; začít [to begin], skončit [to end], ...*



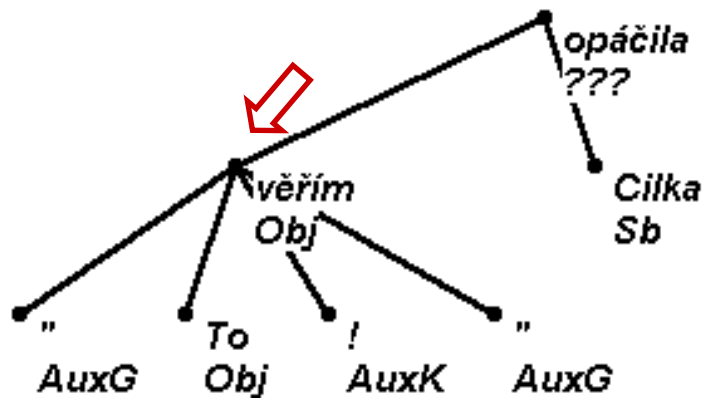
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# Object



**Object** ... analytical functions: **Obj**

- object modifies a verb / adjective / adverb
- typically, **a form of an object is prescribed** by its governing word (esp. case; cz term: **rekce**)
- **3. direct speech**



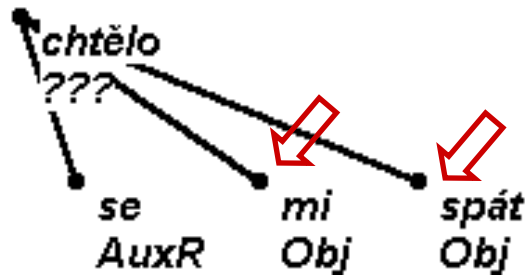
*"I believe it!" Cilka replied.*

# Object: Possible Forms

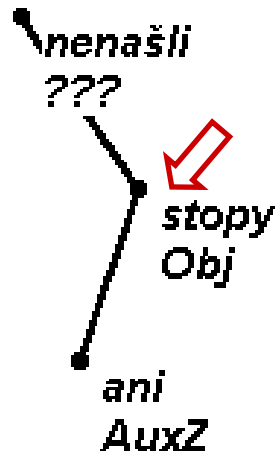


see the data and/or the manual 😊

- typically: noun in accusative/dative/genitive/instrumental case  
preposition case  
infinitive, dependent clause



*it-wanted – Refl – me – to-sleep*  
*... I felt sleepy*



*... (they) failed-to-find any trace*

# Adverbials



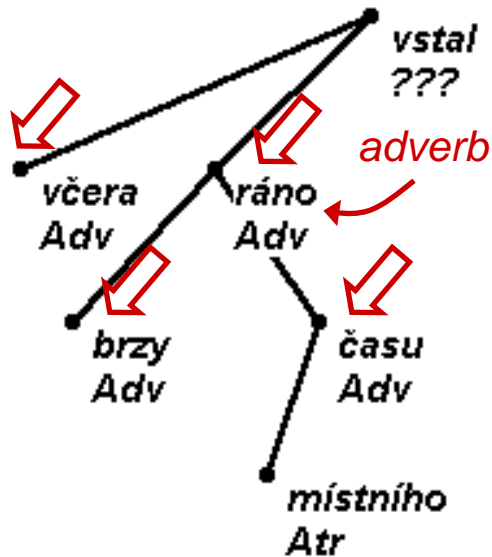
**Adverbials** ... analytical functions: **Adv**

- express the circumstances and relations, such as location, time, manner, comparison, extent, means, cause, consequence, regard or aim
- can modify a verb, adjective or adverb
- a **form** of Adv is **not prescribed** by its governing word !
- questions: *where?, where to?, from where?, how long?, when?, for what purpose?, why?, how?*
- in PDT not further classified

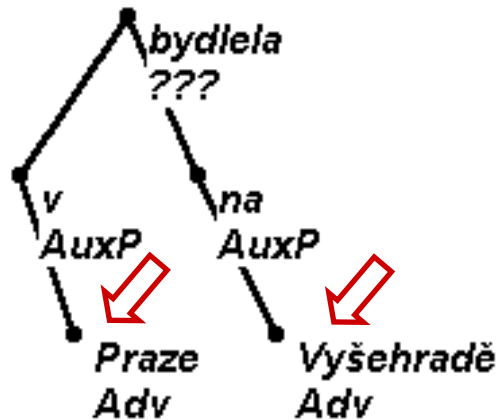


# Adverbials (cont.)

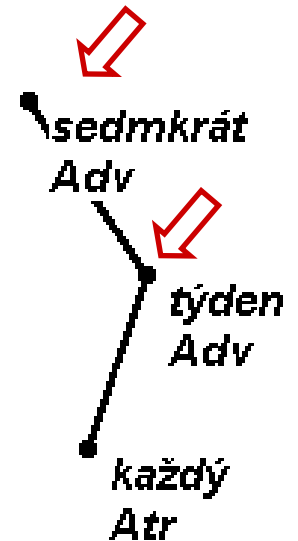
- several temporal / local adverbials



*(He) got-up yesterday early morning (of) local time*

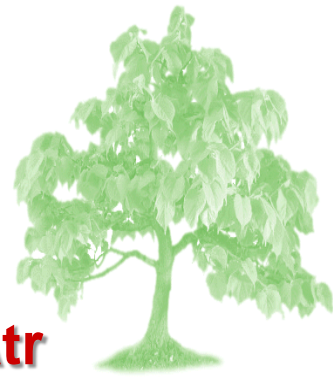


*(she) lived in Prague at Vyšehrad*

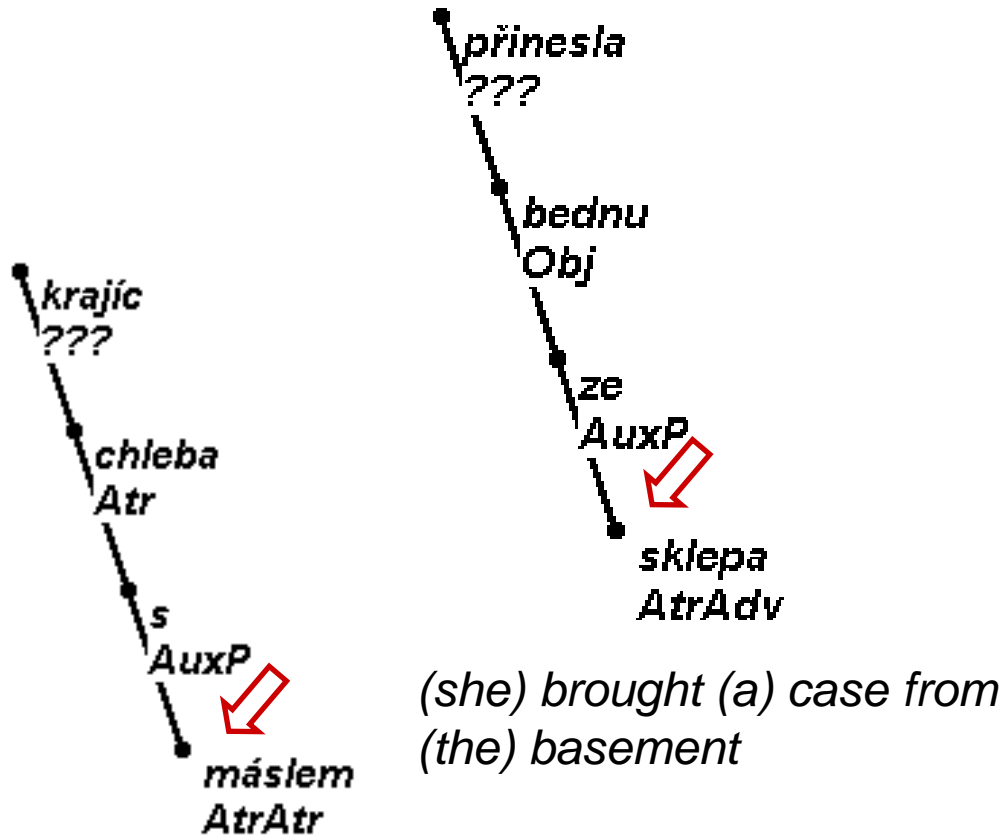


*[it usually happens] seven-times every week*

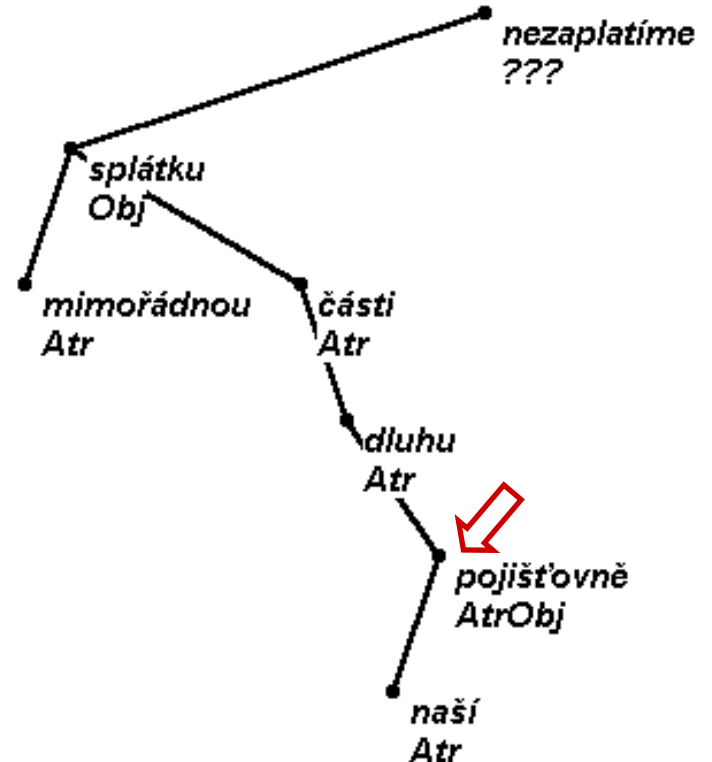
# Combined Functions



analytical functions: **AtrAtr, AtrAdv, AdvAtr, AtrObj, ObjAtr**



*slice of bread with butter*



*we are not going to pay the extraordinary installment of the part of the debt to our insurance office*

# Complement



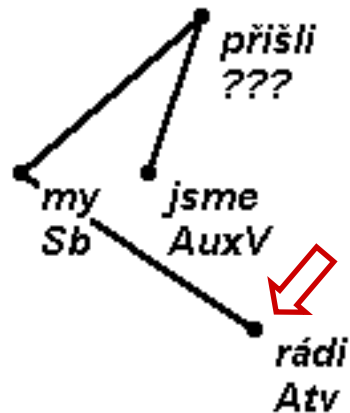
**Complement** (verbal attribute) ... analytical functions: **Atv, AtvV**

- modifies two sentence members, verb and noun

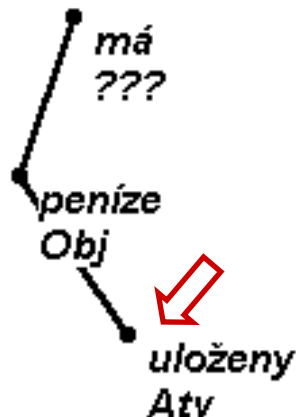
*chlapec ležel nemocen, viděl ho nemocného*

*[boy – lay – ill]*

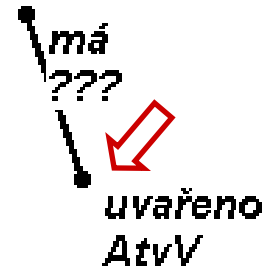
*[he – saw – him – (being) ill]*



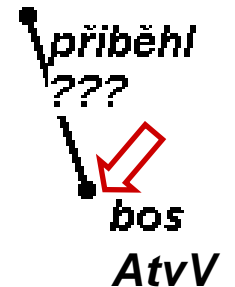
*we - Aux - came - glad*  
*we were glad to come*



*money - he-has - deposit*  
*he has put the money on a*  
*deposit*



*she-has – cooked*  
*he has done cooking*



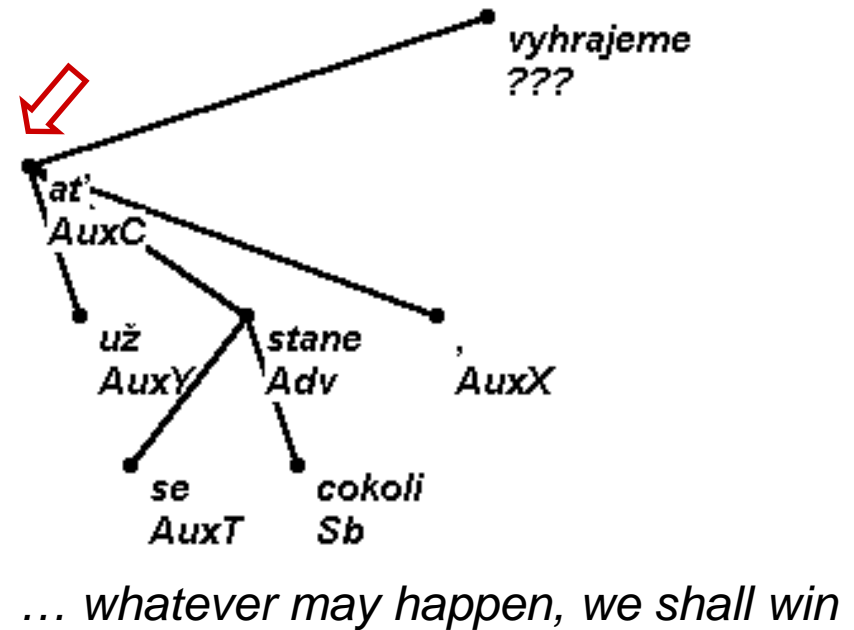
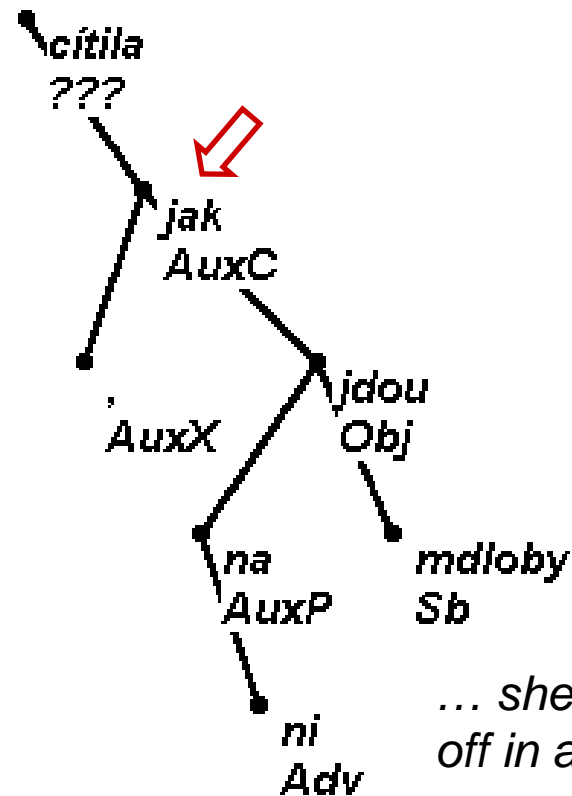
*he-arrived - barefooted*

# Auxiliary Sentence Members



**AuxC** ... subordinate conjunctions

- subordinate clause introduced by a subordinate conjunction
- conjunction ... *root of the subordinate clause*



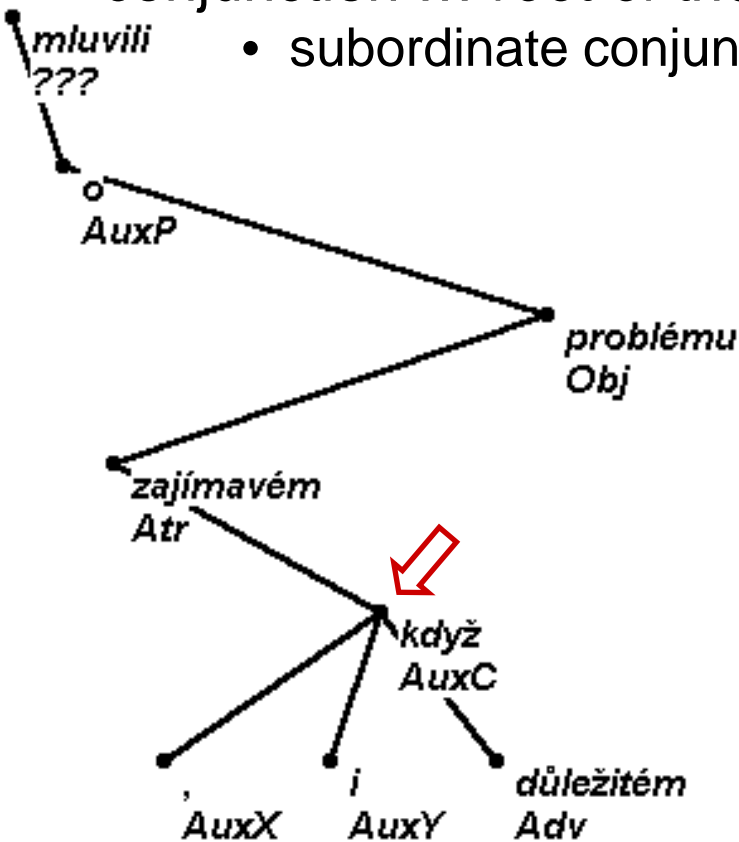


# Auxiliary Sentence Members



**AuxC** ... subordinate conjunctions

- subordinate clause introduced by a subordinate conjunction
- conjunction ... *root of the subordinate clause*
- subordinate conjunction may attach an individual sentence member



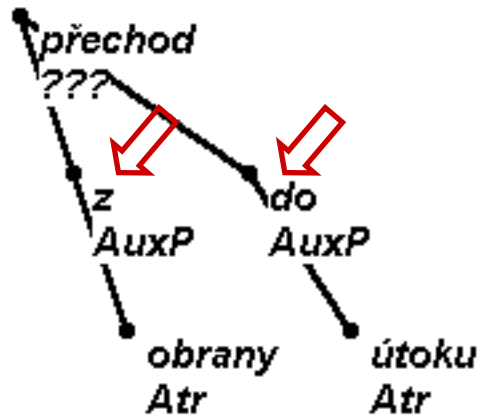
... (they) talked about (an) attractive,  
even though crucial topic

# Auxiliary Sentence Members

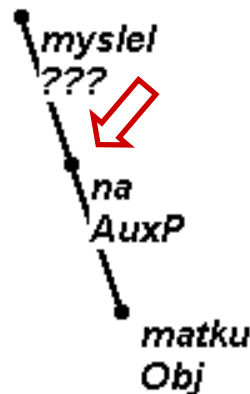


**AuxP** ... prepositions

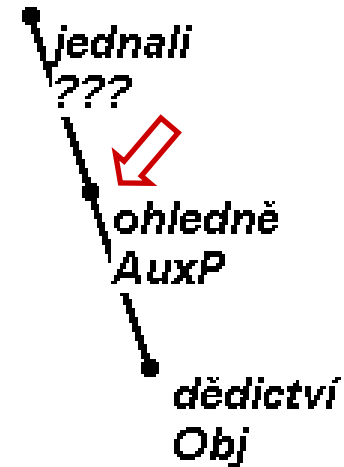
- parent of a nominal node
- similarly one-word improper prepositions



*(the) transition from (a) defense  
to (an) attack*



*(he) thought of (his) mother*



*(they) negotiated - about -  
(the) heritage*

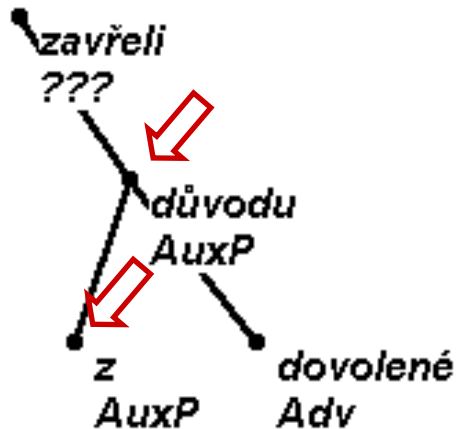
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# Auxiliary Sentence Members



**AuxP** ... secondary prepositions

- consists of several words
- technical solution:
  - the last node ... head
  - the remaining words ... siblings of the noun governed



*(they) closed - for - reasons - (of) leave*

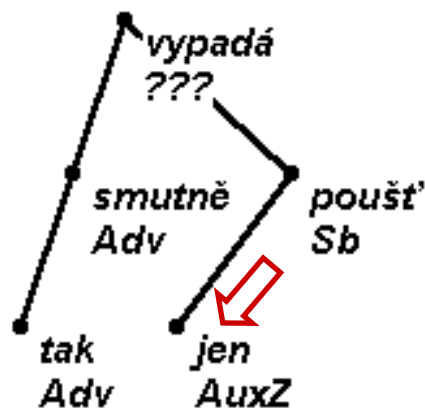
*(they) closed because of the leave*

# Auxiliary Sentence Members

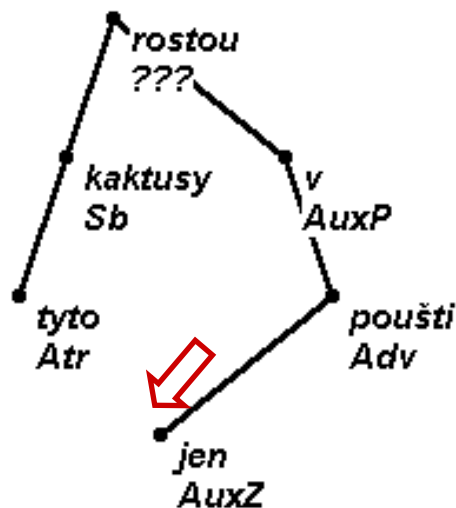


**AuxZ** ... emphasizing words (modifying a sentence member)

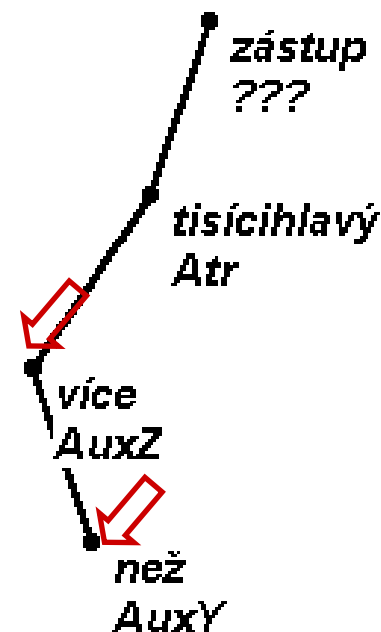
e.g., *asi* [maybe, approx.], *dokonce* [even, as far as], *hlavně* [mainly], *ještě* [moreover], *již* [yet], *leda* [only], *především* [most of all, most probably], *zvláště* [especially], ...



only a desert can look  
as sad as that



these cactuses grow  
only in (a) desert



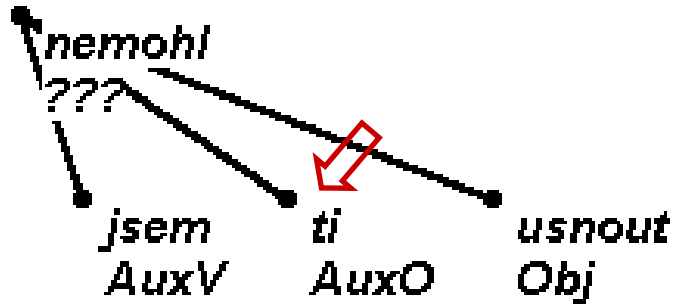
more than thousand-  
headed crowd

# Auxiliary Sentence Members

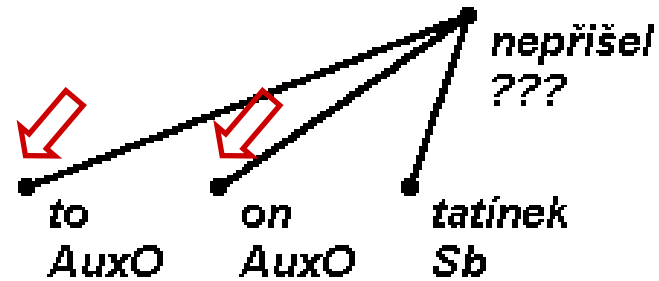


**AuxO** ... emotional particles

*mi, vám, si, ... to, ono, ...*



*(I) could not - Aux - **you** - fall asleep*  
*I couldn't fall asleep, you see.*



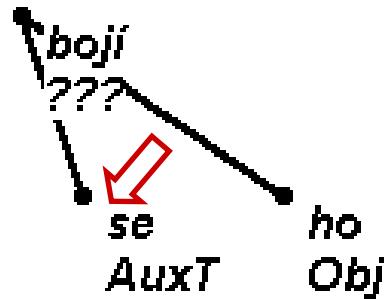
*obviously, father failed to come*

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# Auxiliary Sentence Members



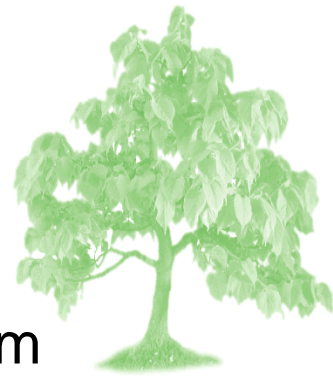
**AuxT** ... morphemes **se**, **si** as a part of a reflexive tantum



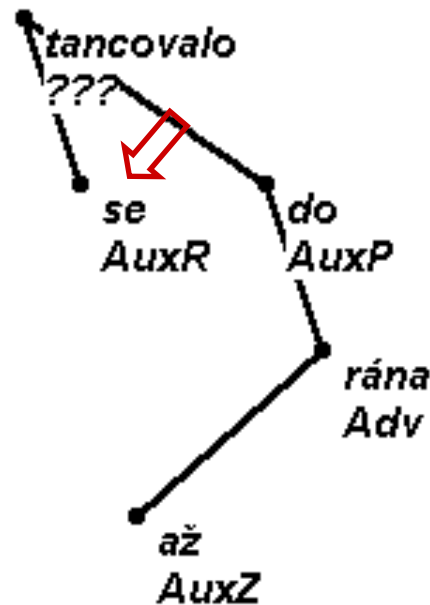
*they are afraid of him*

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# Auxiliary Sentence Members



**AuxR** ... morphemes **se** as a part of a reflexive verbal form

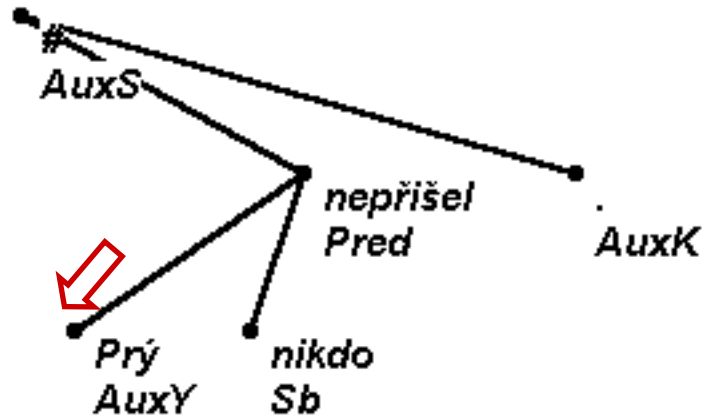


*it-danced – Refl – till – to morning*  
*the dancing went on till morning*

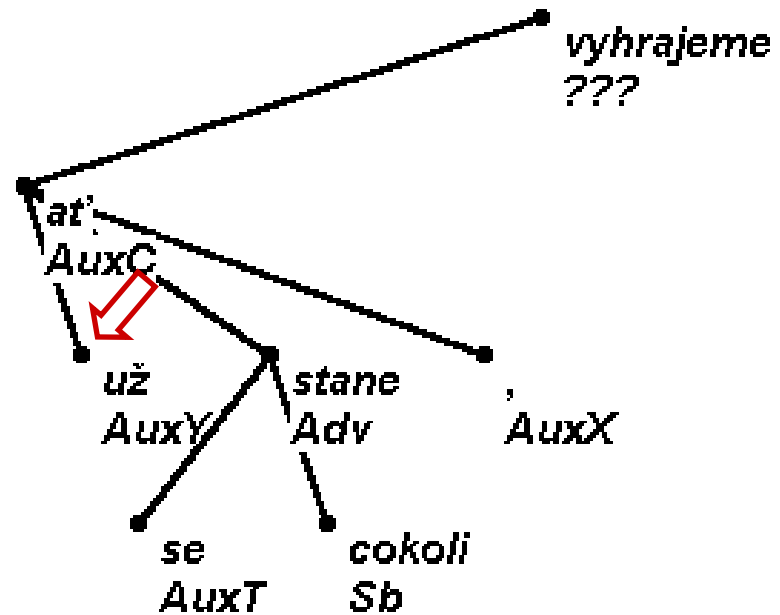
# Auxiliary Sentence Members



**AuxY** ... particles modifying the whole sentence;  
parts of compound conjunctions

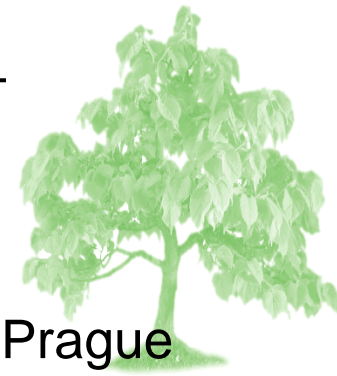


*no one has come, they say*



*whatever may happen, we shall win*





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# References

- Hajič, J. (1998) Building a Syntactically Annotated Corpus: The Prague Dependency Treebank". In E. Hajičová (ed.): *Issues of Valency and Meaning. Studies in Honour of Jarmila Panevová*, Karolinum, Charles University Press, Prague, Republic, pp. 106-132
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