

Inducing syntactic trees from BERT representations



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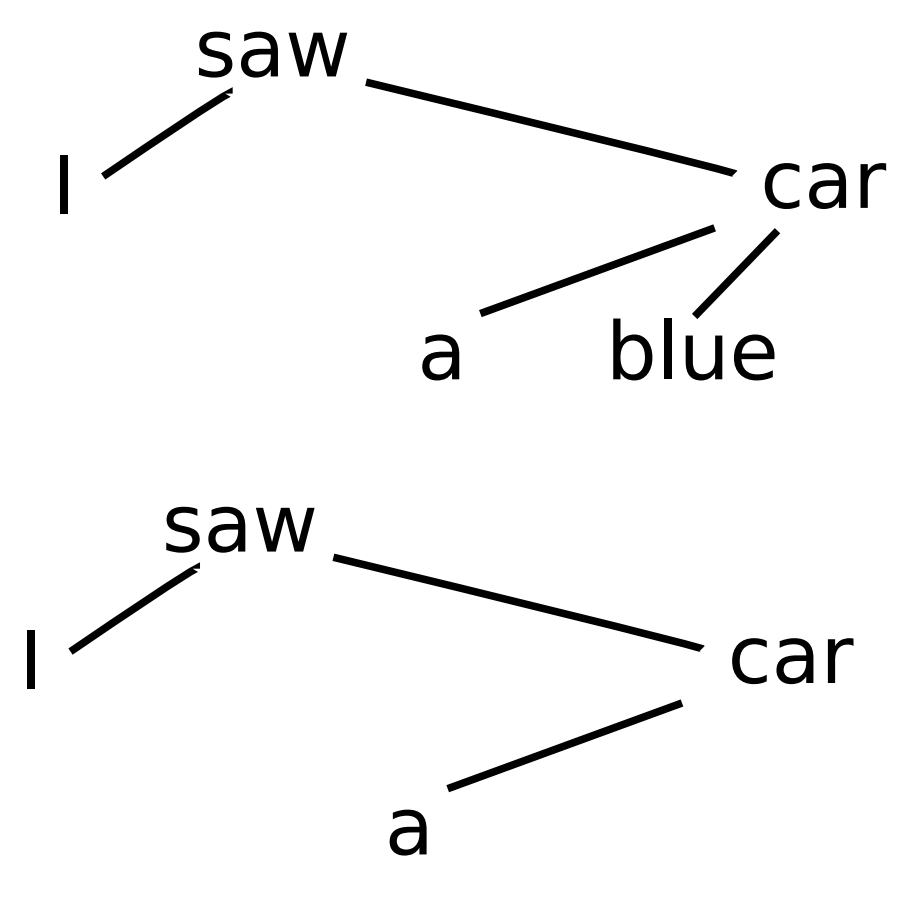
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Reducibility of a word in a sentence

Reducibility in a syntactic dependency tree

- theoretical binary concept
- if a word is reducible, it can be removed (reduced) from the sentence without the loss of grammatical correctness
- when generalized, this constitutes one of the principles for representing sentences by dependency trees



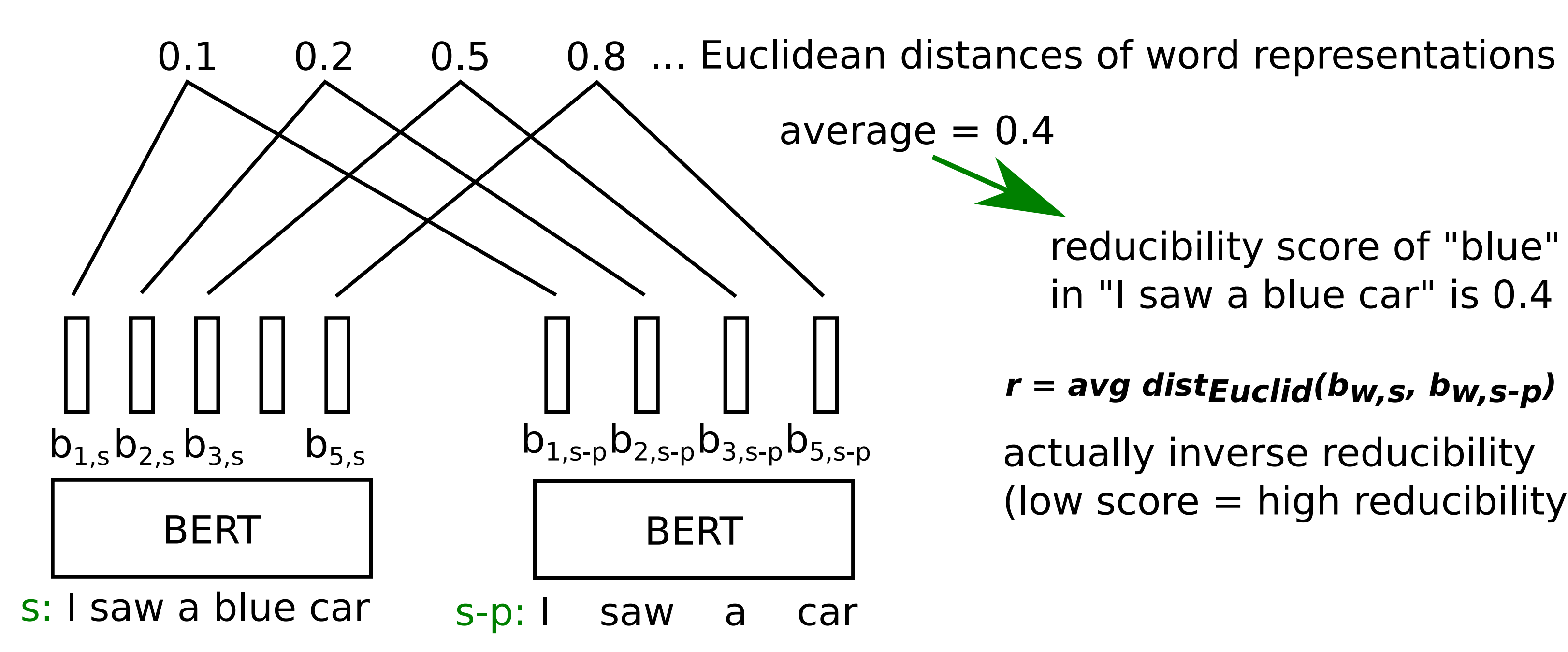
Reducibility in a corpus

- attempt to estimate word reducibility from a corpus
- a word is declared reducible if the corpus contains a pair of identical sentences except for the presence or absence of the word
- extremely sparse
- can be used to estimate part-of-speech reducibility; e.g. adjectives are more reducible than nouns

...
I saw a blue car.
...
I saw a car.
...
I saw a [ADJ] car.
...
I saw a car.
...

Reducibility in BERT representations

- estimation of a reducibility score based on removability of the word
- a word is highly reducible if the average of BERT representations of the other words in the sentence does not change much when the word is removed
- can be also generalized to reducibility of phrases (remove a whole phrase)



Reducibilities of all words in a sentence: (smaller words are more reducible) I SAW A BLUE CAR

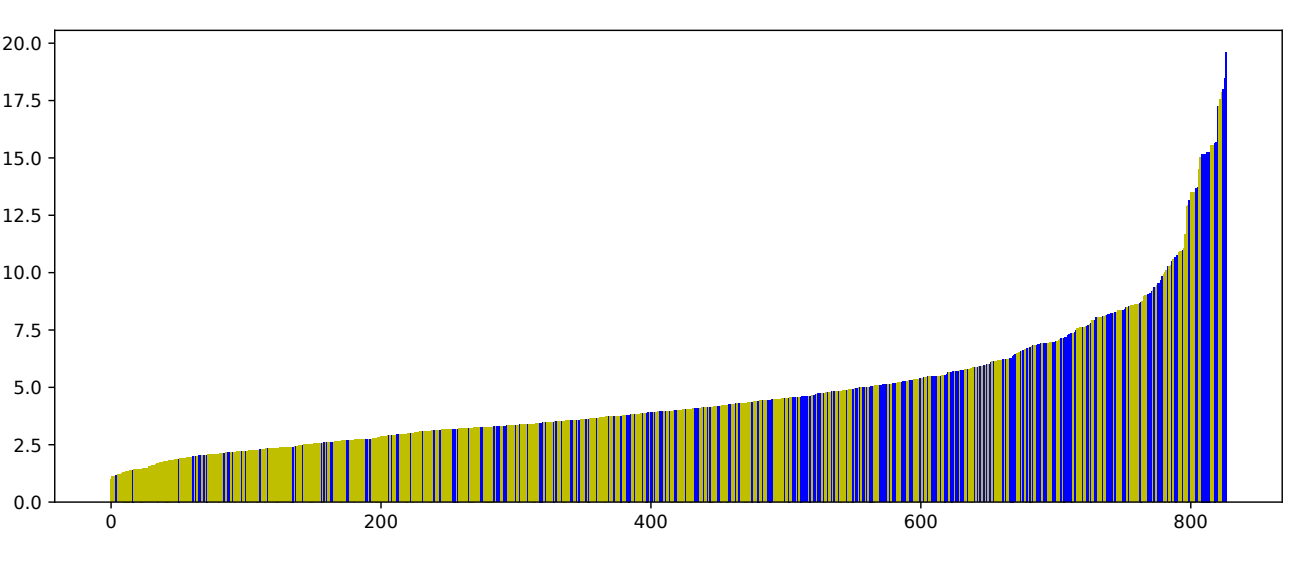
It is possible to estimate roots and leaves of dependency trees from unsupervised BERT representations



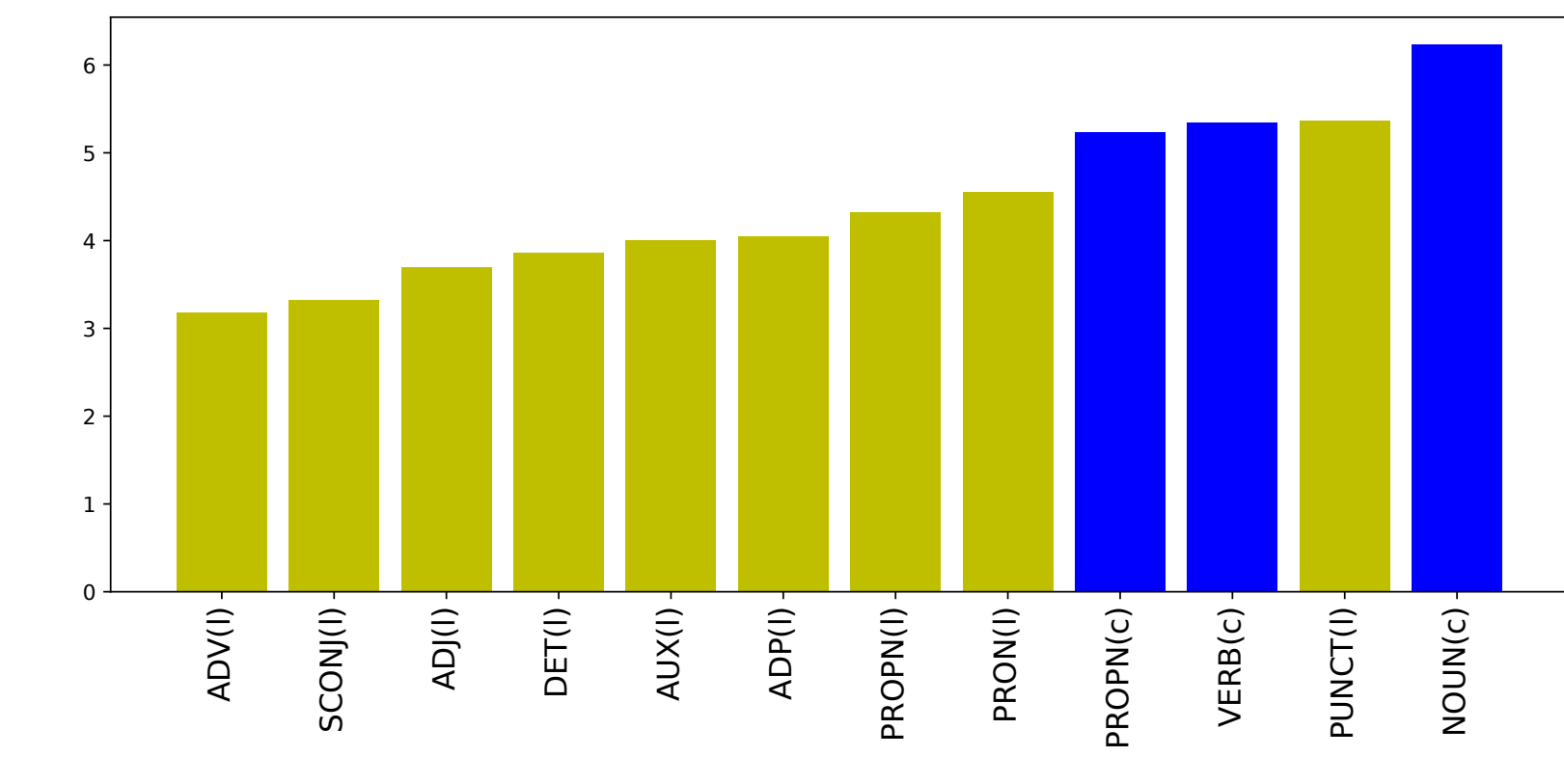
Linguistic properties of BERT-based reducibilities

Reducibility of leaf/non-leaf

- leaf nodes (yellow) tend to be more reducible than non-leaf nodes (blue)
- scores vary among sentences
- empirical threshold: 1.2x avg
- leaf identification acc. 74.5%
- baseline all-is-leaf: 65.8%



Reducibility per part-of-speech



Dependency edge direction

- head tends to be less reducible than dependent
- true for 70.6% of edges
- baseline right-chain: 65.8%



Low reducibility of root

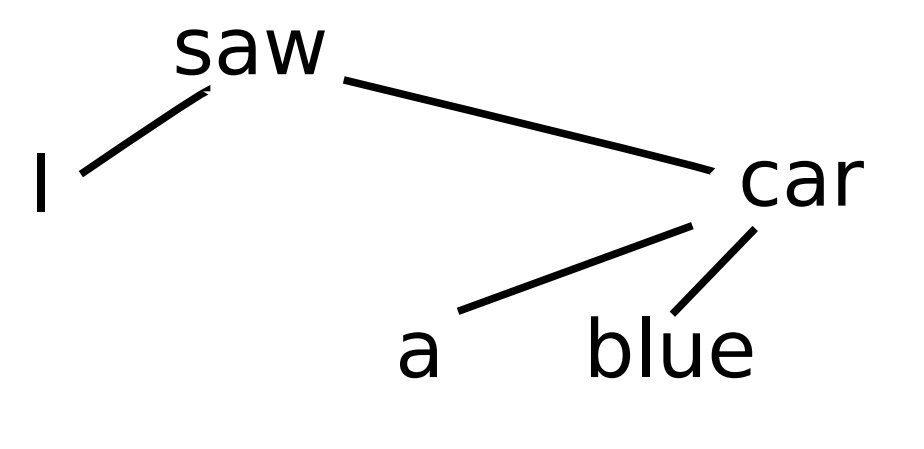
- root tends to be the least reducible word: it is so in 34% of sentences
- if we ignore punctuation: 46%
- random baseline: 13%

I RAN ACROSS THIS ITEM ON THE INTERNET .
THE US TROOPS FIRED INTO THE HOSTILE CROWD , KILLING 4 .
THE HYMN WAS SUNG AT MY FIRST INAUGURAL CHURCH SERVICE AS GOVERNOR .
THE HYMN TALKS ABOUT SERVING SOMETHING GREATER THAN YOURSELF IN LIFE .
THE HOTTEST ITEM ON CHRISTMAS WISH LISTS THIS YEAR IS NUCLEAR WEAPONS .
WHEN THEIR PRECIOUS CARTOONS ARE RELEASED I HIGHLY DOUBT IT WILL LOOK LIKE THE END OF THE WORLD

Building dependency trees using BERT-based reducibilities

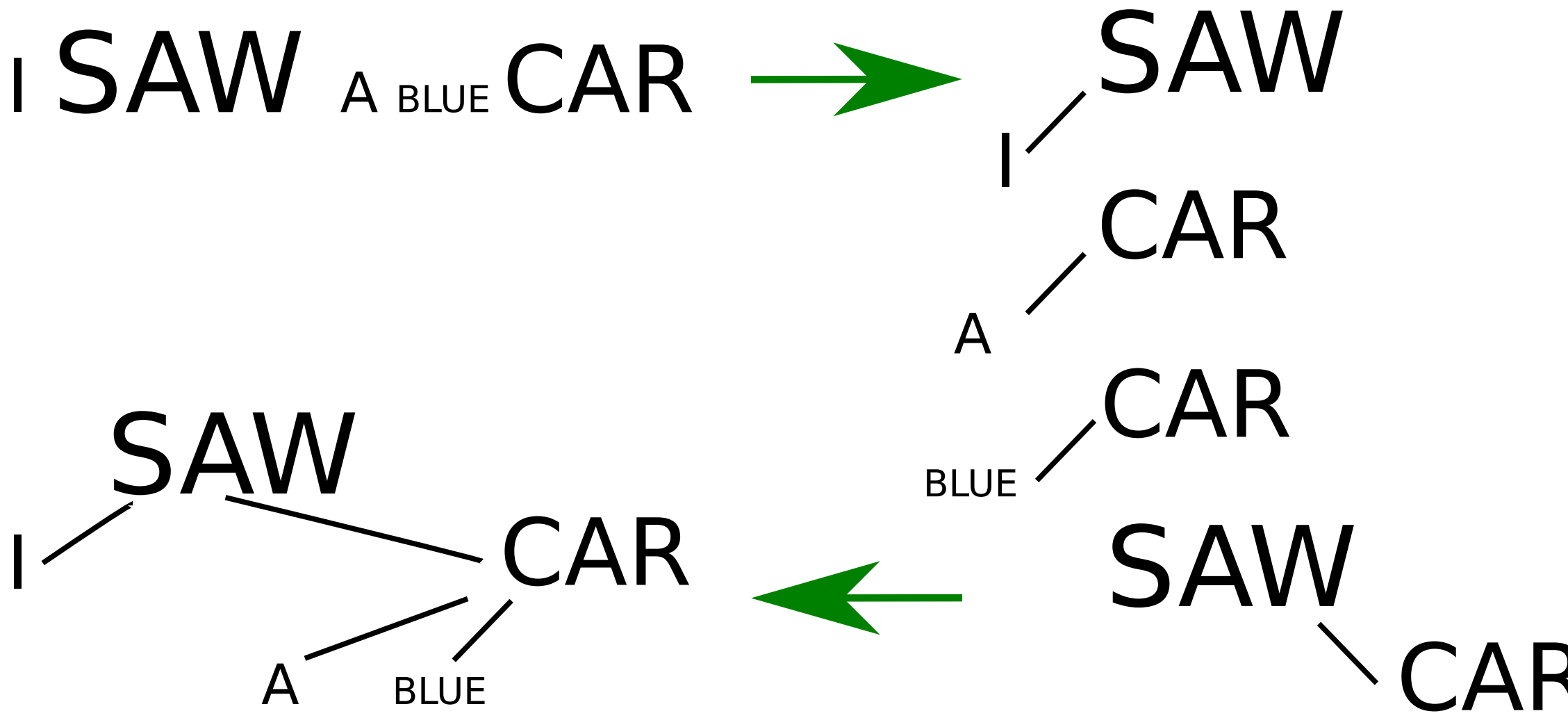
Algorithm D: subtree bracketing

- compute reducibilities of words and phrases
- iterate: denote the most reducible phrase as a subtree by brackets

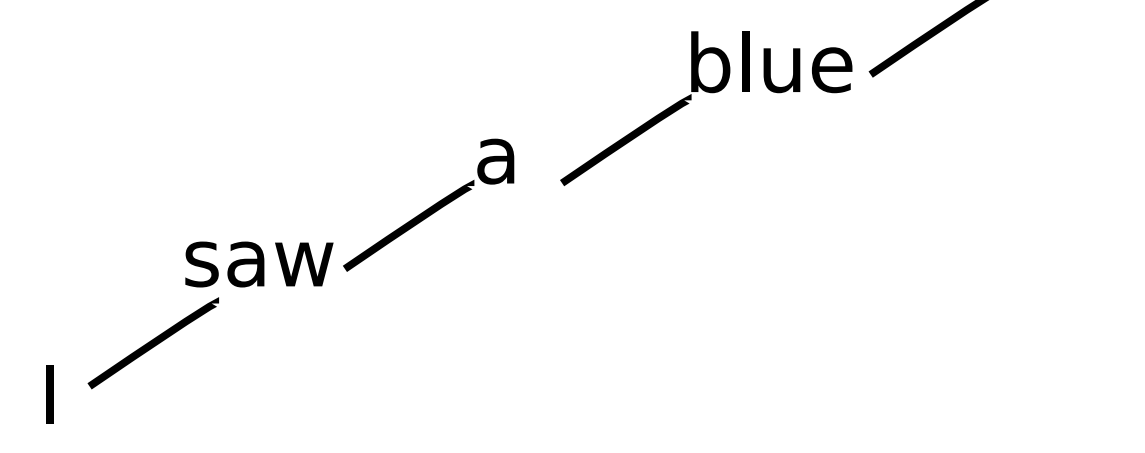


Algorithm R: modified right-chain

- head of a word = nearest subsequent less reducible word
- if no such word: attach to the root
- root = least reducible word



Right chain baseline



Parsing accuracy (UAS) on UD EN_EWT dev

baseline (right chain)	29.5%
algorithm D	31.1%
algorithm R	33.1%
enforce low reducibility for punctuation	
algorithm D	37.0%
algorithm R	40.6%