



CUNI x-ling: Parsing under-resourced languages in CoNLL 2018 UD Shared Task

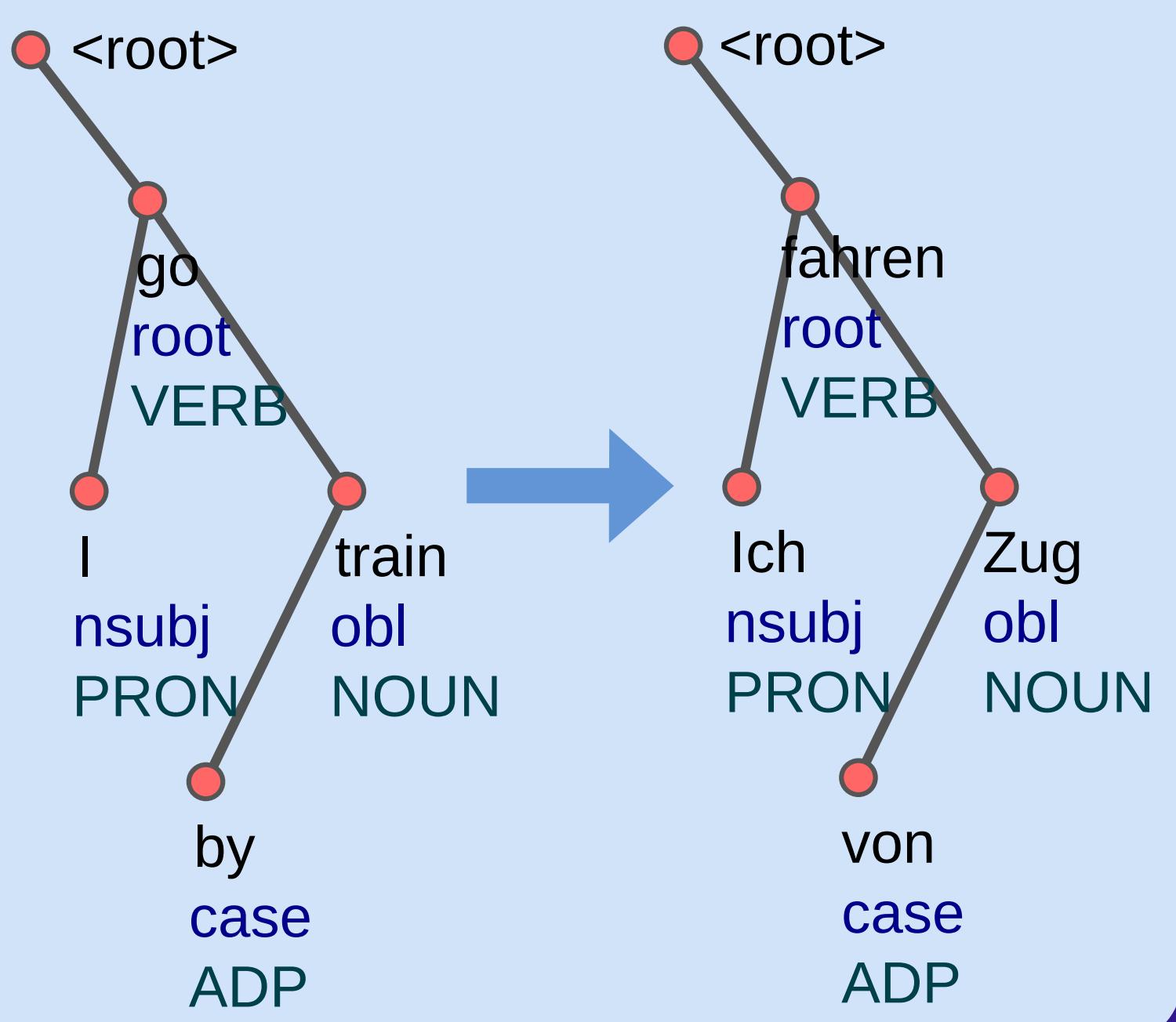


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Treebank translation

- word-alignment (FastAlign) on OpenSubtitles2018 (Opus)
- each word is translated by the target word that was most frequently aligned to it



Pretrained embeddings

When the UDPipe parser is trained, we use pretrained word-embeddings by Bojanovski et al. (2016) on Wikipedia texts

UniMorph morphology

Universal morphology annotation (Sylak-Glassman, 2016) uses different features from UD, mapping needed:

1	-> Preson=1
SG	-> Number=Sg
COND	-> Mood=Cnd
ACC	-> Cas=Acc
PRF	-> Aspect=Perf
ADJ	-> POS = ADJ

Post-correction:

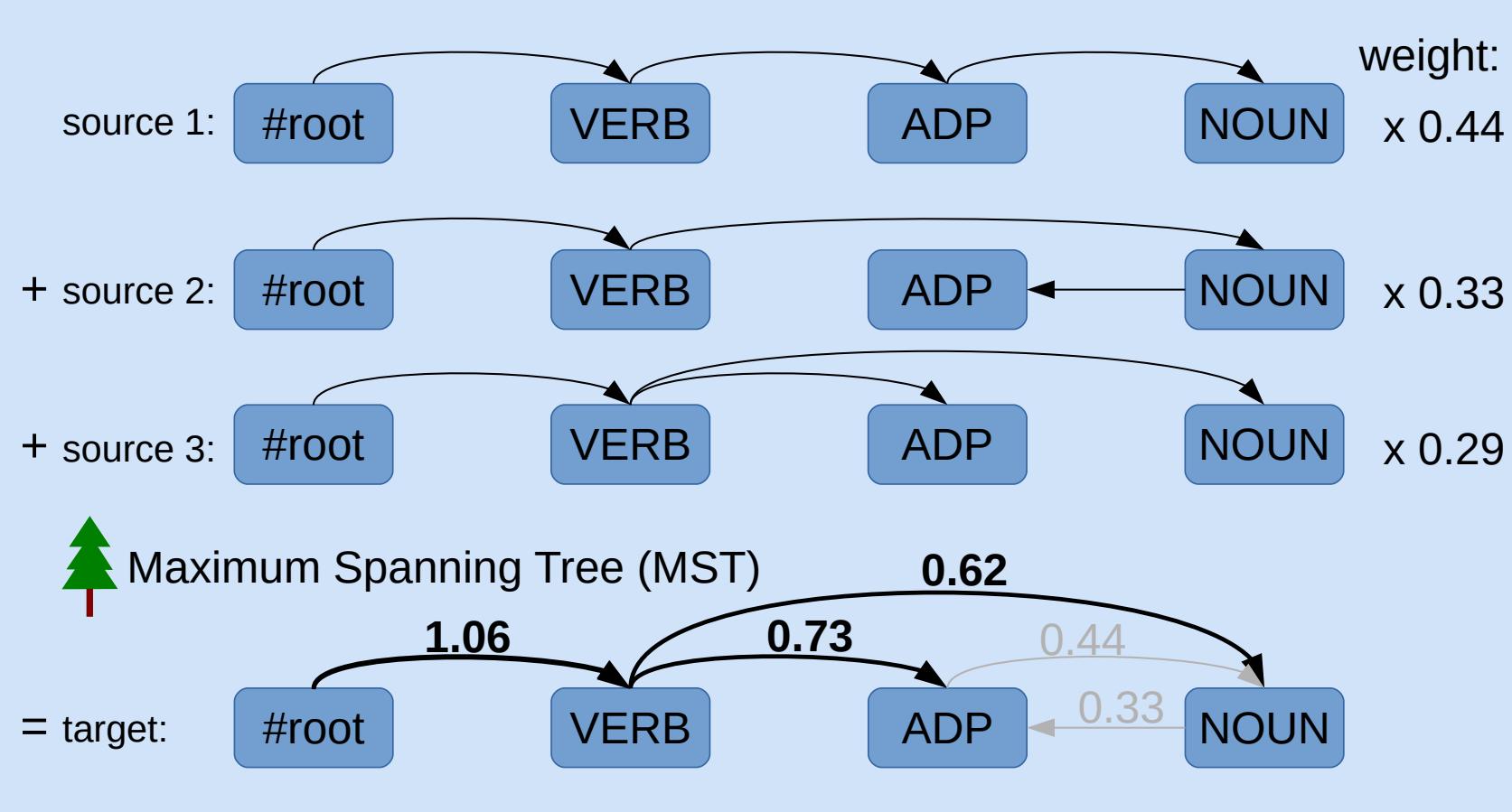
If the word is found in UniMorph, change its tag, lemma and features

Combining multiple parsers

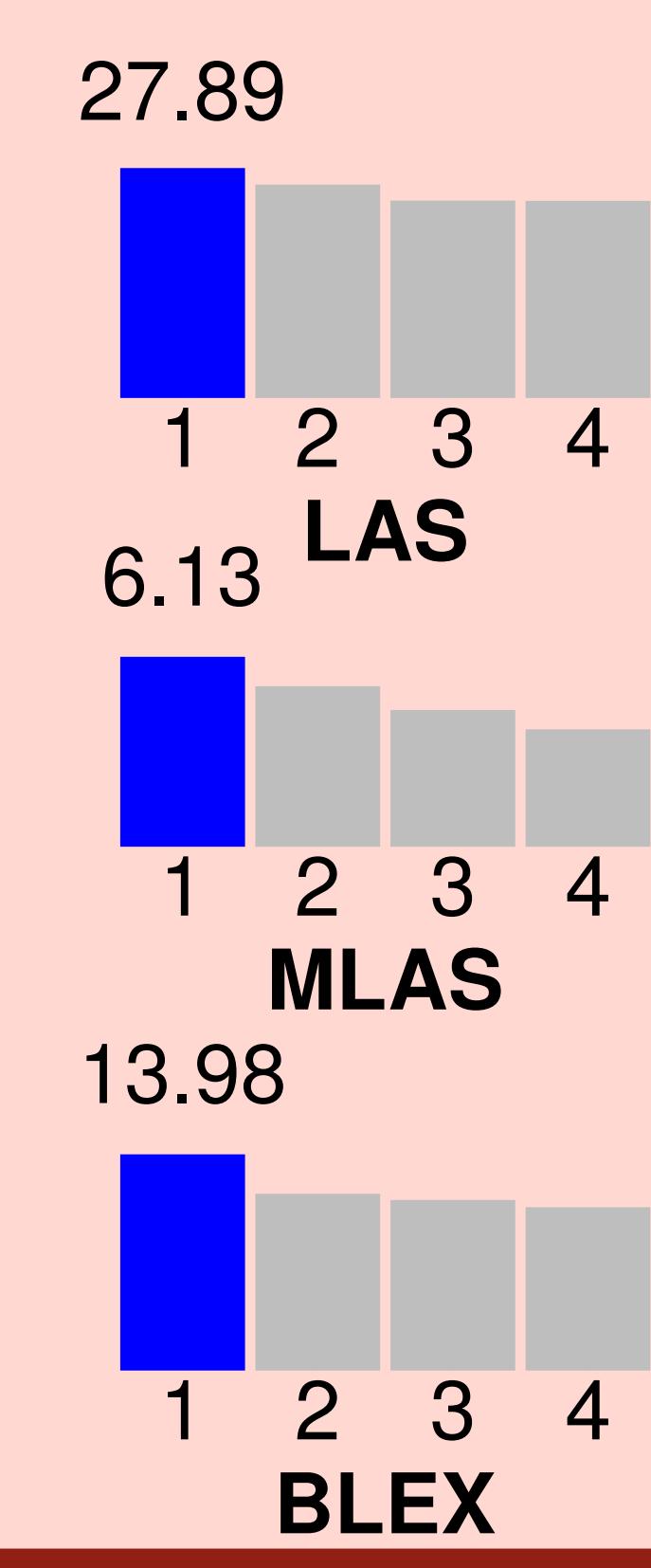
Several different parse trees are combined together.

Each tree may have different weight (expected performance on target treebank)

Maximum spanning tree is used to chose the best result.



Overall results on low-resource languages



Languages with no training data

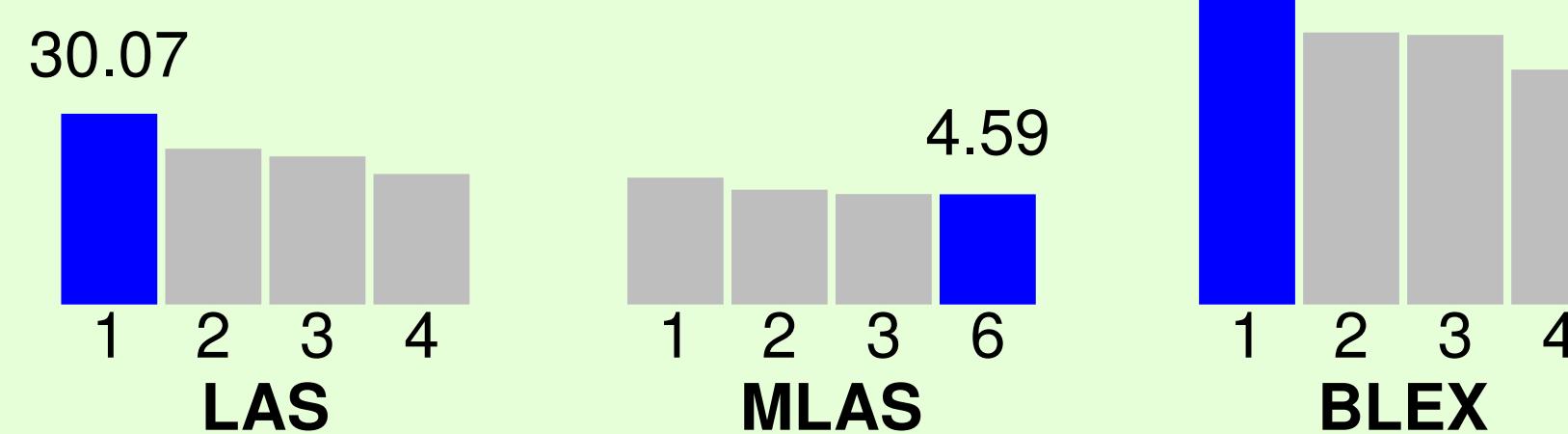
Naija

1. apply English tokenizer
2. "translate" words to English
3. apply English tagger and parser
4. copy form to lemma, remove final -s

Wiki:
A bai shu giv mai broda
[I bought shoes that I gave to my brother]

Bible:
Jisos Kraist wey dem born for David
and Abraham famili, na em stori bi dis.

jw.org:
We come from different different place
and we dey speek different different
language.



Naija -> English:

- if the Naija word is not in English lexicon:

- word changes:

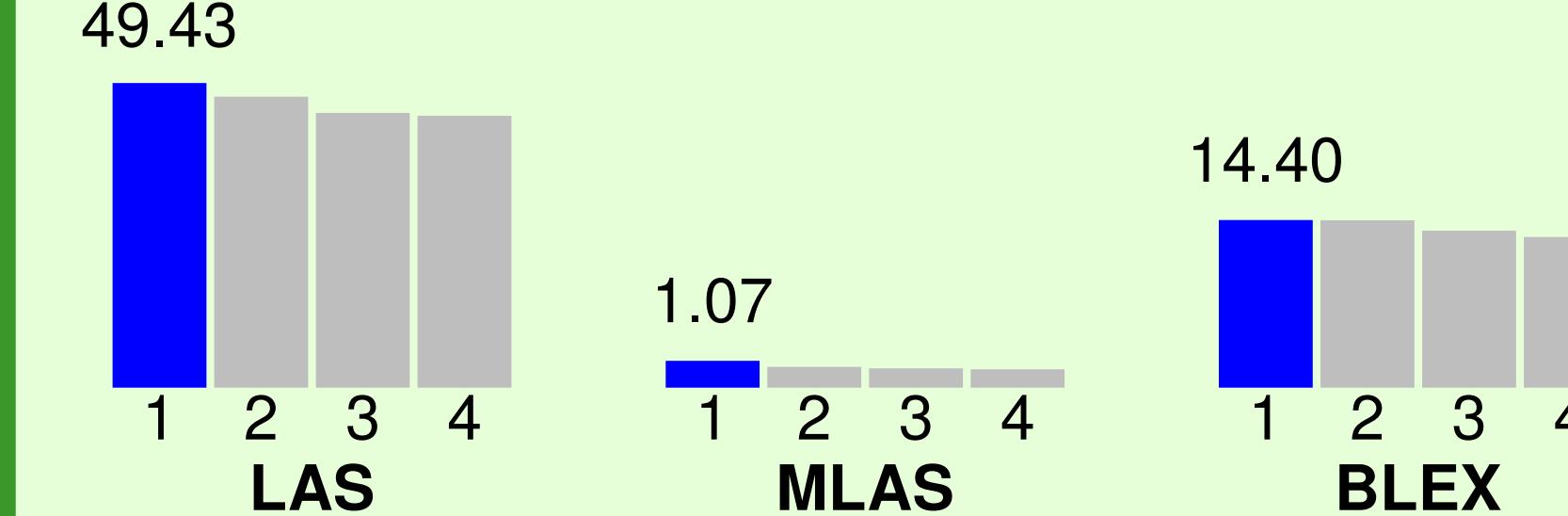
sey	-> that	de	-> is
na	-> is	don	-> has
wey	-> which	am	-> him
im	-> his	go	-> will
wetin	-> what	no	-> not
dey	-> is	di	-> the
deh	-> is	pikin	-> small
foh	-> in	sebi	-> right
e	-> he	abi	-> right
dem	-> they	nna	-> man
dis	-> this	sabi	-> know

- character changes:

i	-> y	k	-> c
d	-> th	\$	-> t
a\$	-> er	o	-> ou

Faroese

1. train devowelled Nynorsk tagger and parser
2. apply Nynorsk tokenizer
3. apply dewovelled Nynorsk tagger and parser
4. copy lowercased form to lemma
5. apply UniMorph morphology post-correction



Devowellization:

English:

Everyone has the right to life, liberty and the security of person.

Nynorsk:

Alle har rett til liv, fridom og personleg tryggleik.

Faroese:

Ein og hvør hevur rætt til lív, frælsi og persónliga trygd.

same words: 2

Devowelled Nynorsk:

Il hr rtt tl lv, frdm g prsnlg trgglik.

Devowelled Faroese:

n g hvr hvr rtt tl lv, frls g prsnlg trgd.

same words: 5

Thai

1. obtain Thai tokenizer
2. translate Indonesian, Chinese and Vietnamese treebanks into Thai
3. train pseudo-Thai parsers on the translated treebanks
4. combine taggers and parsers based on LAS on the development data

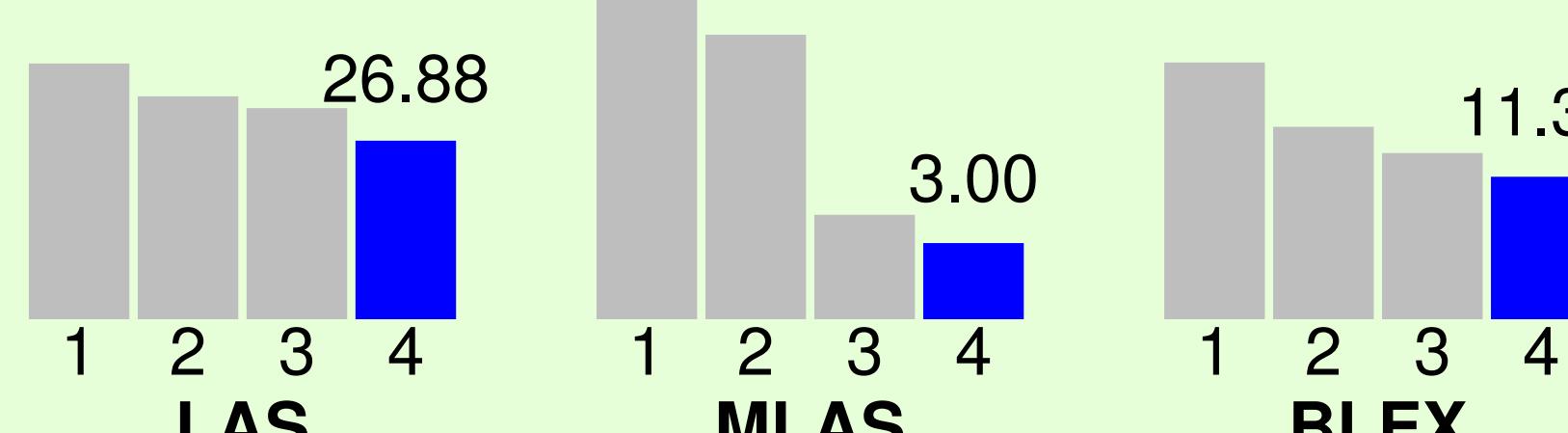


Tokenization:

- generate synthetic Thai text by sampling Thai tokens
- list available within pretrained word-embeddings on Wikipedia
- token distribution:
 $\text{Prob}(t) = 1 / \sqrt{\text{Ord}(t)}$
- English, Japanese, and Chinese filtered out
- train UDPipe tokenizer on the synthetic Thai

Breton

1. translate French treebank into Breton
2. train pseudo-Breton tagger and parser
3. apply French tokenizer
4. apply pseudo-Breton tagger and parser
5. apply UniMorph morphology post-correction



Languages with small training data

Armenian

1. train a UDPipe tokenizer, tagger, and parser
2. train delexicalized parsers for two other close languages
3. tokenize and tag the input
4. parse it with the target parser and the other two delexicalized parsers
5. do weighted combination of the parse trees using LAS
6. post-fix morphology using UniMorph, rewrite UPOS and lemmas

Buryat

1. train a UDPipe tokenizer, tagger, and parser
2. train delexicalized parsers for two other close languages
3. tokenize and tag the input
4. parse it with the target parser and the other two delexicalized parsers
5. do weighted combination of the parse trees using LAS
6. post-fix morphology using UniMorph, rewrite UPOS and lemmas

Kazakh

1. train a UDPipe tokenizer, tagger, and parser
2. train delexicalized parsers for two other close languages
3. tokenize and tag the input
4. parse it with the target parser and the other two delexicalized parsers
5. do weighted combination of the parse trees using LAS
6. post-fix morphology using UniMorph, rewrite UPOS and lemmas

Kurmanji

1. train a UDPipe tokenizer, tagger, and parser
2. train delexicalized parsers for two other close languages
3. tokenize and tag the input
4. parse it with the target parser and the other two delexicalized parsers
5. do weighted combination of the parse trees using LAS
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Up. Sorbian

1. train a UDPipe tokenizer, tagger, and parser
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5. do weighted combination of the parse trees using LAS
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